Middletown Transcript.

VOL. IV. MIDDLETOWN, NEW CASTLE COUNTY, DELAWARE, SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 29, 1871. NO. 17.

BEAUTY!
A HOME!!
AND FORTUNE.

PREMIUM SALE
OF THREE HANDSOME
NW STEEL ENGRAVINGS

A GIFT WORTH FROM
$1 00 to $25,000 00
GIVEN WITH EACH ENGRAVING!

We have obtained the entire control of the following engravings, which we offer at the low figures of

$2 00 EACH!!

although they are really worth $5 00 each. They are 19 x 24 in. and each is a gem of art.

LURLEY!

A Legend of the Rhine. A female of rare beauty sits on the shore of the river, where the rocks are the most dangerous, and with her song and music charms the unwary sailors to near her, when they meet a watery grave. The subject is full of life, full of emotion, and altogether a success.

THE DISINHERITED!

A young man, through the wily influence of some in his household, is deprived of a share in his father's house. Having but sorrow as his lot, he departs, and from a neighboring hill he takes his last look and farewell to the scenes of his younger and better days. The heart fills with deep sorrow in examining this subject so well drawn.

THE CHILD OF CHR ST!

A child with human body and dress, angelic face, and divine eyes, is represented so well that words cannot tell half its worth. We do not think that any engraving has yet reached the excellence of this, in touching the heart and lifting it away to a higher world. The eye never tires to look. The more it is seen, the greater the desire to look again and again.

Also a correct Lithograph Likeness of
GEN. STONEWALL JACKSON.

The best, largest and handsomest ever published, 19 x 24 in. worth $5 00, which we will sell on the same terms, for $2 00. It is truly a gem of art.

A FORTUNE FOR YOU!

With each engraving, till we have sold 50,000 copies, we will give free, one share or ticket, entitling each shareholder to one of the following gifts.

Read on, and remember, that every ticket holder will positively get one of the following, which which will be distributed by drawing

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THE LaPIERRE HOTEL,
DENTON, Md.

containing twenty-six rooms, furnished throughout, with all modern conveniences, plenty of outbuildings, stabling for thirty horses; including all outfit, stock, &c., worth, cash, $25,000.

THE PICTURE HILL FARM,
Caroline County, Md.,

of 103 acres, on the Choptank river, having a steamboat wharf on it, with a good scope of country to support it; with a lime kiln, good buildings, a large variety of fruit, convenient to churches and schools, only six miles from Easton, the largest business town on the Delaware Peninsula. $10,000.

THE COLD SPRING FARM,

of 50 acres; one mile from Denton, one mile from steamboat landing, five miles from the Md. & Del. R. R.; one thousand peach trees, fifty apple trees, choice varieties of strawberries, cherries, plums, apricots, crab apples, dwarf pears, splendid new buildings, worth $8,000.

THE CARTER FARM!

With 80 acres; fine orchard, good buildings, choice wheat land, $5,000.

A HOUSE IN DENTON!

with one and a-half acre orchard, with the finest varieties of fruits, $3,000.

200 Standard Sewing Machines!
Worth from $40 to $150.

50 Waltham Watches,
Each worth from $40 to $100.

4 Pianos.
10 Organs and Melodeons.

One Cash Sum - - - - $3,000
One Cash Sum - - - $1,000
One Cash Sum - - $5,00
Three Cash Sums—each - $1,000
Four Cash Sums—each - - $50

19,467 GIFTS, consisting of Washing Machines, Watches, Pianos, Organs, Melodeons, Sewing Machines, Printers, Standard Books and Works of Art; none of them can be purchased, at retail, for less than $1.00, while some are worth $15.00 and more.

TOTAL VALUE
Of the 50,000 GIFTS $100,000.

The drawing will take place, as soon as engravings enough are sold to distribute the tickets, before as many ticket holders as choose to be present, and to be under their control.

We refer to
Thomas H. Kemp, Clerk of Caroline Co. Court.
George H. Rossum, Att. at Law, Denton, Md.
R. K. Richardson, Sheriff of the County.
William Fell, Esq., of Denton, Md.
Maucha & Bro., Real Estate Brks, Ridgely, Md.
The above gentlemen will act as Supervisory Committee.

Refer also to Charles Goodling, Esq., Speaker of the Delaware Senate, all the Leading Men, the Banks, the Editor of this Paper, and the Press of the Peninsula generally.

We want active men and women, everywhere, to work for us, with whom we will make liberal arrangements, namely, after their ordering their sample engraving, we will give them one engraving and one ticket FREE, for every four names they send us with $8 00.

To order and Engravings, send us $2 00 in a registered letter, or by Post Office Order, and we will send by return mail, the engraving and the ticket FREE.

Send all your orders for engravings, money and drafts, and all correspondence to our general office, addressed thus:

Caroline Co. Land Association,
6th, and King Sts.
WILMINGTON, DEL.

THE CAROLINE PEARL

Will be sent to all purchasers FREE for one quarter on application. It will give a detailed account of our proceedings from time to time. Newspapers wishing to advertise for us, will please send us their lowest rates.

Denton, Caroline Co. Md., 1st February, 1871.
feb 4—ly.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,
FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA: St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears*, and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia*, and the various *Uterous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies, and the medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations*, and *Female Diseases*, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout*, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation* of the *Liver*, and *Jaundice*, when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless*, and trembled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears*, or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness*, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

For sale by Charles Tatman, Middletown, Del., and by Druggists and Dealers in Medicine everywhere. oct. 15—1y

GRAND OPENING.

ENTIRE NEW STOCK OF
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS!!

THE subscribers having leased the store-house formerly occupied by J. A. Reynolds & Sons, take this method of calling the attention of the public to their large and well-selected stock of

LADIES DRESS GOODS.
FANCY GOODS, TRIMMINGS, HOSIERY,
Gloves, Handkerchiefs, &c. &c.

DOMESTIC GOODS

in great variety and of the best makes. A large and full stock of

Ladies' and Misses'
BUTTONED GAITERS & BOOTS.
Children's Shoes of all styles. A full line of

HARDWARE, CEDARWARE,
QUEENSWARE, &c.
Groceries and Provisions.
CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS,

And in fact everything usually kept in a first-class country store, all of which have been selected with great care and will be sold at prices

THAT CANNOT BE SURPASSED.

We respectfully solicit a call before making your Spring purchases.

NO CHARGE
FOR SHOWING GOODS.

SCOWERICK & COCHRAN,
Middletown, Del.

TERMS: 6 mos. 5 per cent off for cash.
april 1—tf

J. B. FOARD,
Middletown Delaware,
SOLE AGENT FOR
E. JEFFERSON & SON,
New Castle,
FOR THE PURCHASE OF
GRAIN,
AND SALE OF
LIME, FERTILIZERS, SEEDS, &c.
OFFICE AT THE DEPOT,
jan 14—tf Middletown, Del.

GEO. W. STOCKLEY,
WITH
HENRY W. COTTINGHAM.
WHOLESALE GROCER
AND GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 5 North Water Street,
Philadelphia.
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Ex-Governor Ross, Seaford, Del.; J. A. Reynolds & Sons, Middletown, Del.; W. W. Dashiel, Laurel, Del.; Wm. Reynolds, Newark, Del.; T. O. Culbrith, Dover, Del.; J. McGonigal, Little Creek Landing, Del.; Wm. J. Cooke, Newtown, Md.
march 18—1y

B. Sweet & Co.'s
CELEBRATED COMET OIL.

FAMILY RIGHTS
For Sale by
CHARLES ADAMS,
AGENT FOR NEW CASTLE COUNTY.
March 25—tf

AMOS HILLBORN & CO.
FURNITURE,
MATTRESS, FEATHER,
AND
BEDDING WAREROOMS,
44 NORTH TENTH ST.,
Below Arch, Philadelphia.

CHAMBER FURNITURE.

Spring Beds,	Feather Beds,
Spring Cots,	Bolsters and Pillows,
Spring Mattresses,	Counterpanes,
Hair do.	Comfortables,
Husk do.	Blankets,
Straw do.	Quilts.
Feathers,	

CALL AND SEE THE
Woven Wire Mattress,
The best Bed ever offered for sale.

N. B.—Our intention is to treat all customers so that they will become permanent dealers with us, and orders will receive the same attention, and persons can buy just as cheap as if present at the store.
March 4—3m

THOMAS MASSEY, JR.
CLOCK AND WATCH MAKER,
Main Street, nearly opposite Walker's Hotel,
Middletown, Delaware

CLOCKS, Watches, Jewelry, &c. neatly and promptly repaired.

Always on hand and for sale, Clocks, Watches, Plated Ware, Forks, Spoons, Silver Napkin Rings, Silver Thimbles, Salt, Sugar and Tea Spoons, Butter Knives, Gold Breast-Pins Ear-Rings, Finger-Rings, Sleeve Buttons, Watch Chains, Watch Keys, Key Rings, Steel Watch Chains &c.
Dec. 12—tf.

DR. THOMAS H. GILPIN,
Graduate of the Pennsylvania College of
DENTAL SURGERY.

HAVING located in Middletown, and succeeded Dr. J. J. Vanderford, respectfully offers his professional services to the public.

REFERENCES.

Dr. T. L. Buckingham, Dean of Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery.
Dr. E. T. Darby, 906 Walnut street, Phila.
Dr. Thomas H. Musgrove, Elkton, Md.
Dr. H. H. Mitchell, " "
Samuel R. Foard, Esq. " "
Rev. Henry H. Mathews " "
march 4—tf

GETTY'S
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
ARCH STREET
CARPET WAREHOUSE,
No. 832 Arch Street,
Two Doors Below 9th, South Side, Philadelphia.

Brussels, Three-ply, Ingrain and Venitian Carpets. Also, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Mats and Window-Shades.

The styles are new and handsome. The quality is the best. The prices are very low.

Quick sales at a small profit, is the rule. No trouble to show Goods.

WILLIAM GETTY,
No. 832 Arch St.

N. B.—A liberal discount will be made to Churches, Public Institutions, and Clergymen.
March 4—3m.

EARLY PLANTS!!

EARLY Vegetable Plants of all kinds from my large

HOT-BEDS
AND
COLD FRAMES,

In quantities to suit purchasers, and for sale at very moderate prices. HENRY CLAYTON,
Woodside Small Fruit Nursery,
april 15—2mos Mt. Pleasant, Del.

FOUND.

ON the 7th of March, a roll of carpet, which the owner can have by proving and paying cost of advertisement. Address
JOHN J. LOCKWOOD,
april 15—3w Warwick, Md.

E. D. BROWN. W. P. GALLIGHER.

BROWN & GALLIGHER,
(FORMERLY WITH G. W. MIDDLETON.)
IMPORTERS OF
FINE BRANDIES, WINES, GINS, &C.
AND DEALERS IN
RYE, WHEAT, AND BOURBON WHISKEY,
No. 11 South 9th Street, Philadelphia.
Jan 29—y

BRICK, BRICK!!

ALL Kinds of good hand-made Brick, at reduced Prices for Sale, at New Castle. Loaded on Board of Cars or Vessels. All orders promptly filled.

JOHN GUYER & SON,
Jan. 28—1y. New Castle, Del.

For Sale.

TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND Osage Plants, at low rates.
Apply to W. GREEN, or
A. H. HUSHABECK,
Feb. 18—tf. Middletown, Del.

MIDDLETOWN IRON FOUNDRY
AND
MACHINE SHOP.

PLOWS and Plow Castings, Machine Castings of all kinds on hand or made to order.

Particular attention given to Repairing Machinery. Cash for old Iron.

WM. L. BUCKE & SON,
Jan 4-tf Founders and Machinists.

GEO. W. INGRAM,
AUCTIONEER,
Middletown Delaware.

All orders addressed to him will receive prompt attention.
26—1mo

Select Poetry.

ALICE CARY'S SWEETEST POEM.

Of all the beautiful pictures
That hangs on memory's wall,
Is one of a dim old forest,
That seemeth best of all.
Not for its gnarled oaks olden,
Dark with the mistletoe;
Nor for the violets golden
That sprinkle the vale below;
Not for the milk-white lilies
That lean from the fragrant hedge,
Coquetting all day with the sunbeams,
And stealing their golden edge;
Not for the vines on the upland,
Where the bright red berries rest;
Nor the pinks, nor the pale, sweet cowslip,
It seemeth to me the best.

I once had a little brother
With eyes that are dark and deep—
In the lap of that olden forest
He lieth in peace asleep;
Light as the down of the thistle,
Free as the wind that blow,
We roved there the beautiful summers—
The summers of long ago;
But his feet on the hills grew weary,
And one of the autumn eves,
I made for my little brother
A bed of yellow leaves.

Sweetly his pale arms folded
My neck in a meek embrace
As a night of innocent beauty
Silently covered his face;
And when the arrows of sunset
Lodged in the tree-tops bright,
He fell, in a saint-like beauty,
A sleep by the gates light;
Therefore, of all the pictures
That hang on memory's wall,
The one of the dim old forest
Seemeth best of all.

Interesting Sketch.

THE TEXAS CATTLE KINGS.

Wealth of the Graziers of the Plains.

The Mighty Stock Farms of the Pioneers—Texas Cattle Breeding—Immense Riches in the Heart of the Continent—The Purchased Fortune Here and in America.

Texas alone has 3,800,000 cattle, divided into 900,000 beeves, 950,000 cows, and 1,900,000 young cattle. The plains on which these cattle roam contain about 152,000,000 acres of ground. The principal pasturages are on the Nueces, Rio Grande, Guadalupe, San Antonio, Colorado, Leon, Brazos, Trinity, Sabine, and Red Rivers. The cattle are owned by scores of ranchmen, each one of whom has from 1,000 to 75,000 head. On the Santa Catitas River is a ranch containing 95,132 acres. It is owned by one man, Richard King, and has on it 65,000 head of cattle, 20,000 horses, 7,000 sheep, and 8,000 goats. This immense number of life stock requires 1,000 saddle horses and 500 Mexicans to attend and herd it. Ten thousand beeves are annually sold from the ranch, and 12,000 young calves branded. There is another ranch on the San Antonio River, near Goliad, which grazes 40,000 head of cattle, and brands 11,000 head of calves annually. Mr. O'Connor, the owner of this ranch, sells $75,000 worth of stock each year, and his herds are constantly increasing. In 1852 he began cattle raising with 1,000 head, and his present enormous herds and wealth are the result of natural increase. On the Gulf, between the Rio Grande and Nueces, is a ranch containing 142,840 acres and owned by Mr. Robideaux. It is on a peninsula, surrounded on three sides by water, and, to enclose the other side, has required the building of thirty-one miles of plank fence. Every three miles along the fence are houses for the herders, and enormous stables and pens for the stock. There are grazed in this enclosure 39,000 head of beef cattle, besides an immense number of other stock.

A ranch on the Brazos River contains 50,000 head of cattle, 300 horses, and 50 herders. John Hitson, the owner, drives 10,000 cattle to market annually. Ten years ago he was a poor farmer in Tennessee, but selling his land and going to the Brazos, he succeeded by dint of hard labor in getting together sixty cows and nine brood mares, when he went to raising stock. He has now 50,000 head of cattle worth, at least $150,000, and he is still only forty years old. This man is establishing a stock ranch on the South Platte, in Nebraska, where he now has 5,000 head of cattle, and next spring will bring in 10,000 more.

There is a ranch on the Concho River, Texas, where, I am told, one man owns 70,000 head of steers and milch cows.

The best grazing counties in Texas are those of Throckmorton, Stevens, Jack, Young, Callahan, Coleman, Brown, Tarrant, Edrath, Comanche, Palo Pinto, Hill and Johnson. These counties lie along the Rio Grande, Nueces, Guadalupe, San Antonio, Colorado, Leon, Brazos, Trinity, Sabine and Red Rivers. The stock from these counties are driven to the Gulf in great numbers where they are slaughtered and packed in steamers, or put on alive, and shipped to New York, Boston, and other Northern markets. A great many cattle are driven North on foot by way of Abilene, Mausas, and Senyler, Nebraska. Some follow the Pecos, and pass into Arizona and California; others keep along the Arkansas to Bent's Ford, thence across Colorado over the Black Hills and into Wyoming, and on up into Utah, Montana, Nevada, and Idaho.—There are some drivers whose names I cannot mention, but the whole number of cattle brought North overland from Texas during the year 1870 did not fall short of 100,000 head. Of these 20,000 went to Montana, 8,000 to Utah, 8,000 to Nevada, 9,000 to Wyoming, 10,000 to California, 11,000 to Idaho, and 30,000 to Colorado and New Mexico. The amount of money handled along the base of the mountains in transferring this stock was over $1,250,000. At Abilene, the great Kansas cattle market, over 200,000 head were handled. The shipments in September reached 60,000 head, and in October near'y 72,000 head. This immense trade may be estimated when it is stated that it took 111 cars per day to transfer the stock, and one bank in Kansas City handled $5,000,000 cattle money. In Nebraska the cattle trade with the South is just beginning, yet last year 27,000 head changed hands at Schuyler, and the First National Bank of Omaha handled $500,000 in consequence of this. It is likely the trade at Schuyler in 1871 will reach 100,000 head of cattle, and it will require $1,500,000 to carry it on.

Large as the cattle trade may seem, it is as yet in its infancy, not only in Texas, New Mexico, Colorado, on the Platte, but throughout the United States. The rapid increase of our population, both from foreign and domestic sources, demands a corresponding increase of food, and at present there is no product of cattle that is anything like equal to the demand.—Beef can be raised on the plains, and delivered, at six cents per pound, and until that is done there need be no apprehension of crowding the cattle market. That beef can ever be had in our days so cheap as six cents does not seem probable, and yet even at four and a half cents per pound large fortunes can be made in cattle breeding. It is only on these immeasurable plains, where land is of little or no value, that stock can be raised to great advantage. But even the plains boundless as they may seem, are fast disappearing before the advancing waves of population. Texas, the great cattle hive of the country has, during the past year, received 300,000 settlers, and already cattle growers there feel that they must soon look elsewhere for untrammelled ranges. A few more years like the past—a few deductions of a million of acres of pasture land, in a single season, and Texas will be no more of a grazing State than New York, Pennsylvania or Ohio. Yet compare these States, and how do they stand now? New York, with her settlements 250 years old, and a population of 4,000,000, has 748,800, of oxen and stock cattle; Pennsylvania, with over 3,000,000 people, has 721,000; Ohio, with 3,000,000 people, has 749,000; Texas, with 800,000 people, has 3,800,000 cattle alone.

The great Platte Valley has over 8,000,000 acres of rich pastures; but how long with these acres remain grazing grounds? The Union Pacific Railroad has already divided these lands from their eastern to their western extremity, and towns and villages are springing up everywhere along its iron rails, and farms are being opened on every side of them. It is no exaggeration to say that the population of the United States before the close of the present century will reach probably 100,000,000 of people. Then there will be no West to settle up, no great stock ranges, but farms and cities and cities and farms everywhere. I predict that those men who begin now by raising cattle on Government lands, and are wise enough to buy a portion of the lands as soon as they are offered for sale, will find before they die that these lands will be worth more to them than their herd ever could have been. Ben Wade once said that he believed "within the present century every acre of good land between the Missouri River and the California coast will be worth fifty dollars in gold." Will as this declaration at the time seemed, it has already been realized in many portions of Nebraska, and is likely to come true in all our States and Territories west of the Big Muddy. Great, then, as are the fortunes which are being made in cattle, still greater will be the fortunes made in land. Those who are wisest will make all they can on their cattle, and the moment the lands are for sale buy all they can get, even if they have to sell a part of their herd to pay for the lands. The Homestead Law precludes the possibility of getting much land in one body, but by buying and selling at fair prices, sufficient grounds for grazing purposes may be had for many years yet.—*Pittsburg Com.*

SUPERPHOSPHATE OF LIME.

A correspondent in the *Country Gentleman*, writes:

To make super-phosphate of lime, I use 500 pounds of bone and 175 of vitrol. My bones I take to a pine block and cut them up small. (They don't fly so much when I use pine.) I put them in a pile and let them heat and dry. Then I take a large flagstone and put a frame around it. Then get a boulder with a flat bottom, fasten a ring to it, have a rope and pole, and let them work like a well-sweep. The frame around the flag keeps the bones from flying off when the stone strikes them. I put my bones into a large kettle with twelve pails of water, and boil them six hours. I have a large box made of plank and put my bones into it and then the vitrol. I keep them well stirred. When they are hot, dry off with dry earth. I don't dry with ashes—they are not good to mix with phosphate. I sell 2,000 bushels a year. A glass company takes almost all my dried ashes at my place, paying 25 cents a bushel, rounding measure.

"Whiskey is your greatest enemy."—"But," said Mr. Jones, "don't the Bible say, Mr. Preacher, that we are to love our enemies?" "Oh, yes, Jones, but it didn't say we are to swallow them."

HOW THE FOOL TRICKED THE HIGHWAYMAN.

ABRIDGED FROM AN OLD IRISH TALE.

Never heard of Redmond O'Hanlon; the Irish highway robber? Well, that's surprising. Your English Turpins and French Duvals couldn't hold a candle to our highwayman. But for all his shrewdness he met his match once, and I'll tell you how it was.

Redmond was a fine, strapping, gentleman fellow, and a devoted admirer of the ladies—as where is the Irishman that is not?—and what is more, a friend to the poor; as you'l learn when I tell you that his demands for cash were only made on persons who could well afford to meet them, and that he delighted in forcing contributions from those who had the name of hard landlords to their tenants. There was one of this class whom Redmond never lost an opportunity of taxing—for that was the polite name he gave to his own robberies. Every quarterday; this gentleman, or one of his servants—sometimes more than one—used to take a journey of six or seven miles to collect his rent; and as regular as clockwork, there was Redmond O'Hanlon, with some stout companions if necessarry, to waylay the collector as he returned home. Every means was used to elude him, but to no purpose; he had spies everywhere, and contrived to get the exact information he needed in advance. So one quarterday when the gentlemen's servants asked him about going for the rents he swore at O'Hanlon and said he did't see the use of collecting money to hand to over to him.

Now this gentleman had on his estate a boy called "Jerry the Fool," who had the run of the house, and made fun for the family. He had a great conceit of himself, and when he heard what the master said, he immediately asked to be allowed to go after the rents for once, and declared that he would know the way to bring them safe home. Of course he was only laughed at; but when he represented that no harm could come from trying, as he couldn't do worse than all who had gone before him, the master agreed to honor him. Upon that, Jerry made such preparations as he thought suitable, chose the worst horse in the stable—an old hack half blind and three quarters lame—and started on his enterprise. Nothing occurred on the way. He collected a considerble amount of money, carefully disposed it about his person and started homewards. Towards evening as he was quietly jogging along on the old hack, and was just entering a long lane with high hedges on each side, a tall, finelooking man rode up to him on a handsome roan mare.

"God save you, my man!" said the gentleman.

"God save your honor!" replies Jerry.

"What's your name, my man?" asked the gentleman.

"Jerry the Fool, and I ain't ashamed of it. What's your's?"

The gentleman took no notice of this question. After a while he says, "That's a fine horse you're riding, Jerry."

"Faith I'm glad your honor likes it," says Jerry; "but it isn't myself that'd care to take a lease of his life. But he'll turn my turn anyway, for it's not in a hurry I'm travelling—I've only been to the village beyond to collect the master's rents for him."

"Surely he is not such a fool as to trust you with that job!"

"Arrah, why not?" asks Jerry in great surprise.

"Why, don't you know that Redmond O'Hanlon's on this road?"

"Redmond O'Hanlon, is it?" says Jerry. "Ugh? That for Redmond O'Hanlon!" says he, snapping his fingers. "Faix, Jerry the Fool is a match for a dozen of the likes of him any day in the week, and Sunday into the bargain!"

The stranger laughed, and they rode on in silence till they come to a lonely part of the road, when he drew a brace of pistols, and told Jerry to hand over all the money he had about him or he'd try if he had any brains by sending a couple of bullets through his head.

"Gloria murther," roars Jerry, in a tone of surprise and fright. "You don't mane to say your honor's Redmond O'Hanlon?"

"I do indeed. So hand over, my man, and look sharp about it."

"But, Faix, it's kilt entirely by the the master I'll be if I go home without the rints."

"What's that to me?" asked O'Hanlon."

"Anyhow," says Jerry, "I must show them that I had a murdering fight for it. Perhaps your honor would'nt mind firing a shot through my old beaver." O'Hanlon did so laughing at the trick.

"And now another through the breast of my coat, and Heaven bless you." This was done. "Now, just one in the skirts of it, and good luck to your honor."

"But I've discharged both of my pistols, and don't want the trouble of loading them again for you."

"Faix, I should dearly like a shot through the skirts; it would show I fought desperate. Are you sure your honor hasn't another pistol in your pocket that you wouldn't mind firing for a poor boy's sake?"

"Confound you! To be sure I a'int. Hand over the money, or I'll beat you to a jelly with my horsewhip."

"Well, says Jerry, after a good deal of fumbling, "I suppose, considering the trouble I've had in collecting these rints, your honor wouldn't mind the little bother of going over the hedge after them?"

And he threw over a sack apparently well filled with coin. Half laughing, half angry, the highwayman—first aiming at Jerry with his whip, which he avoided by ducking—dismounted, and climbed over the hedge; and no sooner has he done so, than Jerry slipped off the old hack, and mounted O'Hanlon's horse.

"Bad scran to you Redmond O'Hanlon!" he bawled. "Didn't I tell you Jerry the Fool was a match for a dozen of you? It's a sack of brass buttons you're gone over the hedge after, you thief of the world!" And touching the fine mare with the spur, he galloped off singing at the top of his voice the old melody, "Go to the mischief and shake yourself!" O'Hanlon couldn't pursue him on the back, the cute fool had made him discharge his pistols. There was nothing for him but to walk away cursing his own stupidity, and ever after if any one wanted to provoke him, they had only to ask him when he had last seen Jerry the Fool.

DON'T HANG HIM.

The following oration was delivered somewhere out West by one of the profession, who would seem to have quite an aversion to hanging people:

May it please your lordship and gentlemen of the jury—the case is as clear as ice, and sharp to the "doin" as "no" from your sweetheart. The Scripture saith, "Thou shalt not kill," now if you hang my client, you transgress the command as slick as grease and as plump as a goose egg in a loafer's face. Gentleman, murder is murder, whether committed by twelve jurymen by an humble individual like my client.

Gentlemen, I do not deny the fact of my client's having killed a man, but is that any reason why you should do so? No such thing, gentlemen. You may bring the prisoner in "guilty," the hangman may do his duty, but will that exonerate you? No such thing. In that case you will be murderers! Who among you is prepared for the brand of Cain to be stamped on his brow to-day? Who, freemen, who, in this land of liberty and light? Gentlemen, I will pledge my word that not one of you has a bowieknife or a pistol in his pocket. No, gentlemen, your pockets are odiferous with the perfumes of cigars and tobacco. You can smoke the tobacco of rectitude in the pipe of a peaceful conscience; but hang my unfortunate client, and the scaly alligators of remorse will gallop through the internal principles of animal vertebræ until the spinal anatomical construction is turned into a railroad for the grim and gory goblins of despair.

Gentlemen, beware of committing murder! Beware, I say, of meddling with the internal prerogative! Beware, I say. Remember the fate of the man who attempted to steady the ark, and tremble. Gentlemen, I abjure you by the manumitted ghost of temporal sanctity, to do no murder. I abjure you by the name of woman, the main-spring of the ticking timepiece of Time's theoretical transmigration, to do no murder! I abjure you by the love you have for the esculent and condimental gusto of our native pumpkin, to do no murder. I abjure you by the American eagle, that whipped the universal game-cock of creation, and now sits roosting on the magnetic telegraph of time's illustrious transmigration, to do no murder! And lastly, gentlemen, if you ever expect to wear long-tailed coats—if you ever expect to wear boots made of the free hides of the Rocky Mountain buffalo—and to sum up all, if you ever expect to be anything but a set of sneaking, loafing, rascally, cut-throat, brailed small ends of humanity, whittled down to indistinctibility, acquit my client and save your country."

The prisoner was acquitted.

REMARKABLE MIRAGE.

A correspondent of the Rochester *Express* writes as follows: The undersigned was one of the hundreds at Mount Hope on Sunday afternoon who witnessed, probably, one of the most perfect and sublime mirages ever seen in this country. On the entire north sky as far as the angle or bison, was lifted on the blue waters of Lake Ontario, while reflecting from her bosom could be seen the mountains, hills, valleys, bays and rivers on the Canada shore inland for miles. The coast could be plainly seen over a stretch of fifty miles, and so perfect at one time that the forests could r adily be distinguished. The reader can form some idea of its grandure by knowing that a country separated from Rochester by a lake seventy to one hundred miles in width was, as if suddenly, by the great hand of its Creator, painted upon the heavens so plain as to be seen from a standing point one hundred miles distant. Gentlemen present who were familiar with the Canada shore could readily distinguish Rice Lake, Belvidere and other prominent points in Canada. The lake looked as though it had been a great tidal wave rolled upon Rochester, had covered one half of the city, as no building could be seen north of Main street, or any land between tho city and the lake.

Indigo, bound dry on the wound, is a sure cure for rattlesnakes bites, scorpion and bee stings, etc. says a Mormon who has tried it.

"Mr. Brown, I owe you a grudge; remember that." "I shall not be frightened, then; for I never knew you to pay anything that you owed."

Virtue, like the sun, brightens every object on which it shines.

The Middletown Transcript.

CHARLES H. VANDEGRIFT, Editor.

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 29, 1871.

DARING BURGLARY.—The Baltimore Sun of Wednesday, gives an account of a daring burglary, robbery and attempted murder, which took place on Monday night, in Baltimore county, near the northern limits of that city, at the house of a man named Saracco, the same who taught dancing in Smyrna, last year, and who visited Middletown for the purpose of forming a class here. Mr. Saracco was from home; his wife being alone was awakened about midnight by a negro man feeling under her pillow, who, when she asked him what he wanted, told her to "hush or he would kill her." Being a stout, muscular woman, she leaped from her bed and seized the negro, who in the struggle drew a razor and inflicted upon her neck and breast several horrid gashes. A colored boy in the house heard the scuffle and ran to the lady's assistance, when the burglar knocked the bleeding woman down and made his escape through a back window. Her wounds were dressed next day by a physician, and although very severe, they are not considered mortal.

Advices from Pekin are important. The Chinese government has made a demand upon the foreign embassadors that schools for the education of females be abolished; that the teaching to male subjects of the empire of all doctrines opposed to those of Confucius be forbidden; that missionaries shall be considered Chinese subjects; and that women shall not be permitted access to the empire in that capacity. The embassadors are also notified that the attendance of women upon religious service was one of the occasions for the recent massacre of foreigners, and that "though those events cannot but be deplored by the imperial government, compensation for their commission is absolutely refused." This action of the Chinese government is tantamount to a declaration of war against the Western powers. We should wait for the confirmation of the news, however, before putting implicit reliance in it, for we have had reports before of a reactionary policy at Pekin, which have been shortly afterwards contradicted.

THE NATION'S WARDS.—Forty-two thousand dollars have been expended for indigent negroes in Washington by the last two sessions of Congress—twelve thousand at the last session, and thirty thousand at the former session. This is the way a tax-burdened people are saddled with additional burdens, to support a lazy, thriftless class, who flock into Washington to vote at elections and share these largesses of the Government. And these sums are in addition to the ordinary provision for the poor, made by the district itself. No such appropriations are made for the benefit of the white man. It is his duty to toil and sweat, and pay his taxes, for the benefit of the negro. But let the white man bide his time; the end of these things is nigh at hand.

English sparrows have been imported into New York and Philadelphia, to protect the trees from insects, and it is now proposed to introduce them into Baltimore. They cost about eight cents a pair, and the steamers brought them over free of charge. The Philadelphia importation cost about $75.

CHEESE FACTORY.—Several farmers in the vicinity of York Road Station, on the Western Maryland Railroad, Carroll co. Md. are about to commence the manufacture of cheese, and will milk 200 cows. This branch of rural industry seems on the increase. How would a cheese factory succeed in Middletown?

Money has been easy, on call, at six per cent. in all the great commercial centres, for some time past. Business is sluggish and there is little active demand for capital in the cities. In the country money is scarce and in more active request.

While the present fishing season on the Potomac is pronounced the best that has occurred for twenty years, the shad fisheries on the Delaware, the Elk, Susquehanna, North East and Chester, are said to have caught less than usual.

FRANCE.—Unhappy France is still the victim of civil strife. Thiers, at the head of the Versailles government, has invested Paris with a powerful army, and is about to give to the turbulent revolutionists of that distracted city the *coup de grace*.

President Grant on Thursday of last week issued a proclamation convening the Senate in special session on the 10th of May, to take action on the proceedings of the Joint High Commission.

The Rev. Dr. Chickering, has been elected President of Bowdoin College, after the Trustees of that institution had been unsuccessfully efforts to induce Prof. Agassiz to accept the position.

We call attention to the Address to the people of the United States, just published by the Democratic members of Congress. It is a calm, dispassionate review of the political condition of this country, and is calculated to awake the most serious reflections in the minds of intelligent, thinking men, of all parties. The picture, so graphically drawn in this address, of the political degeneracy brought about by the dominant party, is truly alarming to contemplate, and we trust that the document may awaken sober reflection in the minds of the American people, that they may apply the proper corrective before it is entirely too late.

Commissioner Pleasonton says that the tax on friction matches in this country, yields $2,000,000 of revenue per annum.

For the Middletown Transcript.

Mr. Editor:—I send you a few remarks on the subject of the new license law, passed at Dover, and the requisites necessary to procure license under said law. The requirement of the old law was a recommendation of twelve men, the new law requires twenty-four men and they must be freeholders. Now I do not so much object to the number, twenty-four, although I think that number entirely unnecessary, ten or twelve signers might have been sufficient; but what I do object to is this: That Legislature was elected as a Democratic White Man's Legislature, and for men, calling themselves Democrats, to put in the name "freeholder," thus travelling backwards to that old English provision "freeholder," that we have been for years weeding out of our laws, wherever the name freeholder occurs. Will any member of that legislature dare get up before a meeting of Democratic White Men and proclaim that old English feudal doctrine, that a man without freehold is inferior to a man who happens to own some dirt? In other words, dirt makes brains, and that although you may be a white, intelligent man, your signature is unworthy to be placed on a man's petition for a license to sell rum. But if a nigger owns a few feet of land he is a freeholder, and as a consequence his signature is respectable and entitled to weight with the court. But stand back, you white men, if you do not happen to own a few feet of dirt. Such a law is an insult to white men and a disgrace to the men who voted for it, and the party they received their election from. And I would not blame those persons who want signatures to get license, if they would overreach these Legislative Solomons by buying a cheap piece of dirt in the hundred or city and divide it up in small parcels by deed, thereby making any amount of freeholders that is wanted for signatures to their license applications. SAMUEL TOWNSEND.

Townsend, April 27, 1871.

SOME FIGURES ON AMERICAN COMMERCE.—If we can briefly and pointedly set forth to our readers the decline of our foreign commerce since 1860, it may help to stimulate, to some extent, the public mind, to insist upon a prompt rectification of the ruinous legislation which has so nearly obliterated our former pride and boast. The United States was once the second nation of the earth in maritime and commercial importance, while now, we are scarcely counted as worthy of consideration in this great element of national power and wealth. In the trade of other nations we have no voice. The business of the United States alone tells the story of our decadence. The importations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1870, in American ships amounted to $162,225,313, while the imports in foreign ships amounted to $324,480,360. The exports in American ships were $187,169,942, while in foreign ships they amounted to $319,778,572. Contrast these figure with those of 1860. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1860, the importations in American ships were $228,164,855, and in foreign ships, $134,001,399; the exports in American ships were $262,586,577, and in foreign ships, $110,602,697. These are significant figures, and show better than any words could whither we are drifting—that is, to the total annihilation of that commerce which was once justly our pride and our boast. Six years have passed since the close of the war, and yet no step has been taken by Congress to restore to the country the commerce and shipbuilding interest which were destroyed by the rebellion. Congress has been too busily engaged in the presidential intrigues and San Domingo annexation scheme to give heed to the great commercial and industrial interests of the country.—*Phila. Record.*

THE FIRE KING.—After the adjournment of the court on Tuesday, Judges Wickes and Stump, accompanied by Sheriff Richardson proceeded to Mr. Wm. P. Richardson's in the Neck with whom Nathan Coker, the fire king, lives, to witness some of his remarkable performances with the element which ordinary men dare not touch. The object of the visit being made known to Coker, he forthwith heated an iron and began the performance of such feats as he has been accustomed to perform for years, the licking of hot iron with his tongue, the handling of it with naked hands, &c. Of course the Judges were surprised as well as delighted with the performances.—*Denton Union.*

The trial of Laura Fair for killing A. P. Crittenden, at San Francisco, has resulted in a verdict of murder in the first degree. A San Francisco despatch says that she will not be sentenced until May 29th, her counsel desiring a month's time to prepare an application for a new trial. They have reserved about forty exceptions to the ruling of the court, mostly on unimportant points.

The Mayor of Cincinnati, at the request of a delegation of negroes who lately waited upon him for that purpose, will organize a force of guardians of the peace from among them by way of experiment.

LOCAL AND STATE AFFAIRS.

MIDDLETOWN.—The progress made by Middletown, in the last decade, is truly astonishing. When we look back to what it was a few years since, and contrast it with what it is now, and look forward to what it is likely soon to become, the prospect is most encouraging. Twelve or fifteen years ago the town was not half its present size, and the population has been more than doubled within that period. Then, there were only a few small quaint-looking buildings, with here and there one of more pretentious size and architecture. There were but few shade-trees ornamenting the streets, no side walks, but mud to your ankles, for half the year. Now, we have a large number of fine new buildings, good pavements, beautiful shade-trees, two good churches, and a third soon to be erected, a fine academy, two public schools, two foundries and machine shops, a market house, two of the best hotels in the State, a magnificent town hall, an imposing and commodious banking-house, several large new store-houses, a public library, a handsome new depot, a telegraph office, a weekly newspaper and job printing office. We have also, a nursery, for supplying all kinds of small fruit, peach trees, orange quicks, &c. Three livery stables, three restaurants, two drug stores, two merchant tailors, two master builders or carpenters, five boot and shoe makers, one saddle and harness maker, one large lumber yard, one hardware store, one sawing and planing mill, one feed store, two coach manufacturers, three millinery stores, two mantuamakers, one broker's office and land agency, one marble yard, one basket manufactory, painters, plasterers, brick masons, blacksmiths, wheelrights, three grain factors, one undertaker, four physicians, one dentist, two lawyers, two notaries public, one magistrate, one policeman, two butchers, two bakers, six confectioneries, one stationery notion and variety store, one large tin, stove and sheet iron establishment, three pump-makers, one watch maker and jeweler, one express office, two carters, two tobacco and cigar stores, one barber shop, two warehouses for the sale of agricultural fertilizers, lime, hair, brick, tile, machines, &c. eight dry goods and grocery stores, several groceries, and many other trades, callings and professions, which we cannot now think of. Like every other town, there is more capital invested in stores and shops than the wants of the community require. If part of this capital was withdrawn, and invested in works of productive industry, it would be better for the capitalists, and better for society at large. A canning establishment is needed; a sash, blind and door factory, a brick yard, broom factory, and sundry other enterprises, might be started here with profit, and add to the general wealth. Stores and shops are conveniences, but they take the money out of the community; what is needed is some new productive enterprises to bring it in. These will be established in due time, and add to the growing prosperity and productive industry of Middletown, enlarging and expanding her borders. On the whole, a bright prospect seems to loom up in the future for Middletown.

NEW CASTLE PRESBYTERY.—The Presbytery of New Castle held its regular semi-annual meeting last week at Princess Ann, Maryland. This is a large body, including all the churches and ministers on the Peninsula, that are in connexion with the General Assembly, (North.) The attendance of the members was very good, particularly of the Elders who, as a rare thing, outnumbered the ministers.—All the deliberations were conducted with harmony, and proved a united purpose to strengthen all the churches planted on this interesting field.

Since the Re-union of the Presbyterian church, the Presbytery of New Castle includes what was formerly the Presbyteries of Wilmington, of Lewes, and half of New Castle. The body is now large, active, and influential, and seems determined by divine help to improve its opportunities for increasing usefulness. During the recent meeting favorable reports were presented by the Pastors and Elders from the several churches. The most marked feature in the way of contribution was the statement in relation to the "Memorial Fund." The amount, as far as given in, was about 106,000 dollars, which is at the rate of more than 20 dollars for each member, the number of our communicants being about 5,000. This sum will be expended on our own territory, principally for the purpose of building or improving church edifices, parsonages, &c. Funds raised for the leading purposes of the denomination also exhibited an encouraging advance. Over three hundred hopeful conversions were reported since the last stated meeting. The people of Princess Ann received the Presbytery with a degree of cordiality, and hospitality, and an attendance upon all the exercises, that made a very happy impression upon those whose privilege it was to visit that old classic Presbyterian ground. The Pastor of that venerable church and his flock, the people of the town, and the place itself, will all be held in greatful remembrance. The next stated meeting of Presbytery will be held in the Forest Presbyterian Church, Middletown, where we may bespeak in advance a cordial welcome to those who shall attend.

ODESSA ITEMS.—The following gentlemen were elected as Town Commissioners at the recent election:—Wm. Polk, Wm. A. Rhodes, Charles T. Stratton. The School Commissioners are H. T. Baker, Dr. Wm. Ashcraft. The Town Commissioners have made very considerable improvement upon High street, and it is now a very handsome and attractive part of the town. In passing through Odessa, towards McDonough, we noticed several commodious houses which have recently been erected. Odessa is one of the prettiest towns in Delaware, reposing in quiet dignity beneath the outspreading branches of umbrageous trees which give to it an ornate and sylvan aspect. Many of her citizens are past the meridian of life, living in affluence or competence, and enjoying their *otium cum dignitate*, after years of active and successful business pursuits. There are two bands of music in Odessa, one is a string band, with the modest name of "Dew Drops," the other, more recently organized, is a quartet of brass instruments, which wakes the echoes on moonlight evenings, along the quiet Appoquinimink, and charm the elves and fairies disporting beneath the sylvan bowers of that classic town. The graveyard around the venerable and venerated pile of "Old Drawyer's" are to be beautified and adorned with gravel walks, shrubbery, arbor vitæ hedges, &c. This is a beautiful tribute of the living, to the dead, in not permitting their quiet resting place to fall into dilapidation or neglect. It is the very poetry of existence to cherish the sacred spot which holds inurned the ashes of our loved ones, who, though lost to sight, are still to memory dear.

PORTABLE GAS WORKS.—Two gentlemen visited Middletown on Monday, for the purpose of introducing Brown's Portable Gas Apparatus, patented Sept. 15th, 1868, for the manufacture of gas from coal. Gas may be produced by these instruments, it is alleged, for $1.00 to $1.25 per thousand feet. If this patent will do what is claimed for it, it is, certainly, the cheapest light yet invented; for, in the cities and towns it costs the consumer from $2.50 to $5.00 per thousand feet. This apparatus is made of different sizes and capacities, suitable for lighting a single dwelling, or a store, or church, or hotel, or a whole block. The agents effected no sale here, but said they would return, some time hence.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS.—We received on Wednesday, from J. A. Lord, Esq. Odessa, two bottles of wine—one of grape, and one of blackberry, for which Mr. Lord will please accept our thanks. The quality of this wine is really excellent, and has been so pronounced by competent judges. One of the gentlemen who tested it, concluded that with a vintage like that he could live like a lord. The worthy donor asks us to say whether we think it can be beat. Without passing a final judgment on this question, now, we can only say, for the present, that it is hard to beat, and if any of our readers think they can beat it, they have only to submit the matter to our judgment for an impartial decision.

Our new depot will now compare favorably with any on the line of the Railroad. Where a muddy and unsightly pool once existed, is now a fine gravel plat; and at the other end of the depot has been enclosed a handsome circular flowergarden. The old depot has been fitted up with taste, and never looked better than it does now, while in the new depot a restaurant is kept for the accommodation of passengers, second to none in the State.

A FEARFUL TORNADO.—A fearful tornado passed over a small portion of Sussex county near Seaford on Thursday of last week. The storm struck the house of Mr. Waller and carried it away instantly, leaving the sills and floor. Mrs. W. was badly hurt, her collar bone being broken in two places, and several of her ribs fractured. The storm next struck the stable, in which were a pair of mules. The building was taken away and not a stick left to tell where it stood. Mr. Waller was coming from the field when it struck him. The first thing he knew he was blown into the garden several yards away. Apple trees, 18 inches in diameter, were snapped off even with the ground and the trees have not been found yet.

Stack poles, standing bare, planted green last fall, snapped off even with the ground, white oak trees, two feet over, twisted short off. On Mr. Waller's farm there is not a stick of fence left, he had five stacks of fodder carried away, also one barn in which were stored 80 bushels of wheat. One house standing on blocks seemed to be raised up and set down again on its former foundation, the blocks on which it stands are driven into the ground level with the surface.

One man standing on one side of the storm's track, says that looking into the storm it looked as black as the smoke of a locomotive. The full extent of the damage is not known. Mrs. Waller is not expected to live. The storm was confined to very narrow limits.

The same tornado crossed over the bay and passed over St. Mary's county. The Leonardtown Becon thus describes its passage: A very severe tornado passed over the lower section of St. Mary's county on Thursday evening of last week, leaving ruin and desolation in its track. At fairfield, the residence of James Scofield, Esq. of St. Inigoe's district, Mr. Scofield saw the immense cloud approaching, and was in the act of leaving his store, when the wind struck it, and instantly the building was crushed to the ground. A large oak tree standing in front of the store door was taken up by the roots and hurled to some distance. Mr. Scofield received quite a severe contusion on the right hand, supposed to have been inflicted by falling timber. All the houses, except the dwelling on Mr. Langley's farm on the Chesapeake, were blown down and out into the bay, carrying with them corn, meat and everything of an eatable character.

RELIGIOUS.—Forest Presbyterian Church—Rev. John Patton, D. D. Pastor. Services—Sabbath mornings at 10½, Sabbath evenings at 7½, and Wednesday evenings at 7½ o'clock.

St. Ann's Episcopal Church, Rev. Jno. Collins McCabe, D. D. Rector. Services—Sabbath mornings at 10½ o'clock. Sabbath evenings at the Chapel in Middletown, at 7½ o'clock. Also Fridays at 4 o'clock, p. m.

Methodist Episcopal Church—Rev. Vaughan Smith, Pastor. Services—Sabbath mornings at 10½ o'clock; Sabbath evenings at 7½ o'clock.

KENT RAILROAD.—An election for Directors of the Kent Railroad will be held in Chestertown, on the 8th of May. Suits have been brought, we understand, against all non-resident stockholders, in arrears, and attachments issued against the property of such as hold property in Kent. Much excitement has been occasioned in consequence. The calls which have been made for payment of stock, have been made in the Kent papers, which are not seen by the stockholders in Delaware, who allege that they had no knowledge of said calls, and they protest against the action of the board in attaching their property and putting them to cost.

LARGE FIRE IN NEWARK.—About 3 o'clock on Friday morning of last week a large fire occurred in Newark, Del. A coal oil lamp left burning in the store of John D. Richardson, exploded, setting on fire the store and postoffice, which were entirely consumed, together with their contents. The fire then extended to the dwelling of Mr. John Miller, burning it to the ground. Mr. Miller saved his furniture, but loses heavily, as he had in the postoffice all his Odd Fellows' store books, notes, bonds, &c. Mr. Miller is insured for $2,500 and Mr. Richardson for $4,000, both in the Farmers' Mutual.

A NEW ENTERPRISE.—Messrs. Jackson & Pyle, of Wilmington, have rented the steam mill of J. B. Fenimore, in this town, and will commence, about the first of June, a fruit and vegetable drying establishment, by a new process patented in New York in 1868. Tomatoes, green corn, asparagus, peaches, berries, and all kinds of fruit will be dried in this establishment, by this new process which extracts the water or juice of the fruit, leaving it in a condition in which it will keep for a long time, and may be shipped to any distance desired.

THE METHODIST PENINSULAR ACADEMY.—The sub-committee appointed to select a site for this Academy visited Elkton on Wednesday of last week. This finished the examinations of the numerous places proposed, and on the second Tuesday of next month, a meeting of the general committee will be held in Wilmington, when the sub-committee will report, and a place be chosen. Most of the towns on the peninsula are aspiring to have it located within their borders, offering money, land, buildings, &c.

FIRE.—The dwelling of Mr. Geo. O. Roeder, in Still Pond, was destroyed by fire on Tuesday night of last week. The fire was first discovered by one of the family about midnight, and had made such progress that there was barely time for the family to escape without injury from the flames. All the furniture, the family's clothing, &c. was consumed. Mr. Roeder's loss is about $2,000. The house was insured for $1,000 in the Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Kent county.

THE WEATHER AND THE PEACH CROP.—The low temperature of Saturday, Sunday and Monday nights, was trying to the young peaches. The frost on Monday morning was pretty severe, but, as the fruit is yet surrounded by the blossom, it is thought that no material injury was sustained by it. The orchards are literally loaded with embryo fruit, and the prospect, without disaster, is, that the crop of the present year, will equal if not surpass, the great crop of 1869.

ASPARAGUS CULTURE.—J. B. Fenimore and sons have set out eight acres in Asparagus, which they will grow for the Wilmington, and Philadelphia markets. James T. Shallcross is also engaged in the culture of this plant. It is well for our farmers to turn their attention to other crops besides peaches and grain, for if these crops should fail, they would then have other resources on which to depend.

An Express train will be started, next week, between Crisfield and Philadelphia, carrying market truck to the latter place. A passenger and smoking car will be attached. It will be a night train, each way, and the passenger car will be a chair car for the comfort of the passengers. It will pass Middletown about 8, P. M. for Philadelphia, and 2, A. M. for Chrisfield, leaving Philadelphia, at 11 P. M.

At Dunlap's Hotel, Delaware City, there is a case of beautiful stuffed birds, prepared by a skilful taxidermist, and arranged with such taste as to present a very natural and life-like apperance. All the specimens, except four, were secured in the neighborhood, and present a very fair representation of the ornithology of that locality.

SHIPBUILDING.—The Milford Mutual Friend says there are two vessels on the stocks at this time and a prospect for two or three more. Mr. James H. Deputy is building a very large vessel of about five hundred tons burthen, and Messrs. M. R. and Thomas Carlisle are also building one of about the same tonnage.

A new Boot and Shoe Store has been handsomely fitted up on Broad Street by James H. Collins, in the watch and jewelry establishment formerly occupied by C. A. Bourquin. Call and see Collins, and give him a *lift*.

The Seaford Record says the frost of last week does not appear to have injured anything in this section. It is thought around Salisbury that the straw-berry blossoms of that vicinity ar badly injured.

NEW FRUIT CANNING ESTABLISHMENT.—Ground was broken last week for the erection of a fruit canning establishment near Dover Depot. Mr. J. M. Chambers, we understand, is the active partner in the business.

MIDDLETOWN AND ELKTON RAILROAD.—It was rumored here, on Tuesday, that a survey of the proposed Railroad route between Middletown and Elkton, would be commenced next week.

MASONIC.—A Special Arch Chapter is about to be instituted in this place by the Masonic Fraternity.

ATTEMPTED RAPE.—A disgraceful outrage occurred on Bancroft's Banks on Sunday morning last the victim being a girl of thirteen named Sarah Jane Welsh, the perpetrator a man some thirty or thirty-five, named James Noble a, stone cutter, having an interesting family.

The girl was sleeping in a room on the third floor of the house occupied by her family, when about three o'clock on Sunday morning she was awakened by Noble, who had crept into her bed and was in the act of accomplishing his hellish purpose. On her screaming, he jumped out of the bed and picked up the light which he had carried up with him from the first floor. Her screams awakened a younger brother who was sleeping in the room beneath and he saw Noble coming down. The boy then awakened his brother who was sleeping with him, and asked Noble what he was doing in their room. He replied he had seen their father out on the road. After looking at a picture hanging on the wall he went down into the basement, where the girl's father was sleeping on a settee. After a few words with the old man, who it appears had been drinking, Noble left the house.

The girl the next day, told one of her companions of the occurrence, through whom it reached the ears of Mr. Welsh, who immediately made the facts known to the proper authorities, and Noble was arrested on Friday afternoon. In the evening he had a hearing before the Mayor, who committed him to New Castle to answer the charge. Noble and a companion had been out drinking all night, and he was on his way home under the influence of liquor.—*Del. Gazette.*

Prof. Pratt, the great horse educator, who has been operating in Wilmington for four weeks past, where he obtained a class of 805, intends making a tour of the peninsula, and has been at New Castle and Delaware City this week. The Prof. will be in Odessa on Wednesday and Thursday and on Friday, Saturday and Monday, the 5th, 6th, and 8th of May, he will be in Middletown.

MIDDLETOWN HOTEL.—Mr. R. A. Cochran is building an addition to this Hotel, seventeen or eighteen feet front, running back about fifty feet. The addition to the main building will be of brick; that to the back building will be frame. A restaurant will be in the basement; Mr. Gould is to do the work.

CHANGE OF NAMES.—Mr. H. F. Kenney, Superintendent of the Philadelphia, Wilmington & Baltimore Railroad, has issued a notice that on Monday, May 1st, the names of New Castle Junction will be changed to Delaware Junction, Delaware Junction changed to Rodney, St. George's Station changed to Kirkwood, Willow Grove changed to Woodside.

There were 469 inmates in the New Castle co. alms house during the year ending Jan. 25 last, of which Wilmington furnished 369. Only 249 were in the institution at the close of the year however.

A shipment of strawberries was sent northward, last Wednesday, from Westover station, on the Delaware Railroad, in Somerset county, just south of Princess Anne.

The new Bank will be finished and occupied in about two weeks. It is a most substantial building, and an ornament to the town.

It is said that the severe frost of Monday morning, destroyed more than one half of all the strawberries which were in bloom.

In New York City, the French Canadians have an organization to promote the cause of annexation in reference to Canada and the United States. It is also reported from Canada that the sentiment of the French people there is rapidly becoming unanimous in favor of annexation to the United States. The Catholic clergy especially are attaching themselves to this idea, although a few years since they were entirely opposed to it. This change has been wrought by the experience of the French Canadians, who, with in the last ten years have emigrated to this country in great numbers. The reports which these emigrants have sent back to Canada have been so favorable, their prosperity has been so great, and the improvement in their condition so surprising to themselves that the whole French population which they left behind are rapidly arriving at the conclusion that their country should be annexed to the United States with the least possible delay.

Our California exchanges declare that mining was never in a more satisfactory condition than now, and the average results never more pleasing to those who have invested their labor or capital there in. During the quarter just ended, owing to an unusual scarcity of rain, the placer regions have suffered considerably from lack of water, and the washing process thereby been impeded; but latterly, showers have been frequent, and the heavy layer of snow upon the mountains gives promise that the liquid supplies will continue abundant until late in the summer. Viewing the situation as a whole, it seems more than likely that 1871 will be the best mining year lately experienced. Such, certainly, seems to be the present indications.

Baez and Cabral are still disputing for that much coveted portion of the earth's surface, San Domingo. Several indecisive engagements between the forces of Luperon and Baez have taken place recently in the Northern provinces. The anti-annexation party is increasing and it is thought that in a few moths the Baez faction will be driven from power in the island. This is the delectable piece of real estate which General Grant and the San Domingo "Ring" are so anxious to attach to the United States.

A PROFITABLE STRAWBERRY PICKING.—Mr. Keeling Salmonds of Tanners' Creek, who is generally about the first one in market with his strawberries every season, on Saturday last sold two hundred and twenty-five quarts of his berries at a dollar a quart, thereby realizing the snug sum of two hundred and twenty-five dollars for one small picking.—*Norfolk Day Book.*

Six collieries, in the vicinity of Wilkesbarre, are now in operation, and it is expected that others will be in a like condition in a short time. The Miners' Committee have submitted a plan of settlement to several of the large coal companies, and it is now under consideration, with a reasonable hope of success.

According to a Washington despatch, there is no longer any reasonable doubt that the Supreme Court will next Monday affirm the constitutionality of the Legal Tender act, and decide that contracts made prior to its passage, where coin is not specified, may be paid in greenbacks.

A conflict occurred in Robinson county, N. C. on Wednesday between colored outlaws and a party of citizens under command of the Sheriff. Two of the Sheriff's posse were killed and one severely wounded.

MARRIED.

On the 20th inst. at the residence of Mr. Barney Reybold, near Delaware City, by Rev. J. David Beale, Mr. Charles Janvier and Miss Emma Cole.

On the 27th inst. at St. Francis Xavier church, by Rev. Fr. Villiger, S. J. George W. Lockwood and Adelaide, eldest daughter of Hamilton Morton, Esq. all of Cecil county Md.

DIED.

On the 24th inst. in St Augustine, Cecil county, Md. Miss Ada R. Bayard.

On Bohemia Manor, on the 23d inst. Mrs. Mary Bouchell, relict of Thomas Bouchell.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

The effect of Simmons' Regulator on the stomach, liver and kidneys is prompt and effectual.

All linen hem stitched handkerchiefs 15 cts, at Hanson Bros.

HOUSEKEEPER WANTED.—A White Housekeeper wanted—Address with reference
W. B. WIRT,
St. Augustine, Cecil co. Md.

LOST.—On Wednesday evening, in Middletown, the first vol. of Mahomet, by Irving. The book belongs to the Middletown Library Association, the number 87. The finder will please leave it at Mr. D. L. Dunning's store.

Prof. O. S. Pratt, The Great Horse Educator, is comming, and intends to give exhibitions at the following named places: Delaware City, April 30 and May 1st, St. Georges, May 2d, Odessa, May 3d and 4th, Middletown, 5 6 and 8th of May. All interested in horses should go and see him as he is the wonder of the age. Free exhibitions twice each day at 2 & 7 P. M. at his tent. All bad horses handled free of charge to members of the class.

WHITE GOODS! WHITE GOODS!!—A full line of Pecay's in satin stripe, cords and sea shore stripes, checked and striped cambrics, Percals in variety, white spreads, Marseills and Honey Comb, a full line of white trimmings, Hamburg and French Insertions and edgings, at
Hanson Bros. Town Hall.

Carpets, mattings, stair, table, and floor Oil cloths 4-4 5-4 6-4 & 8-4 wide, at Hanson Bros.

It cannot hurt you. It is purely vegetable. Try Simmons' Liver Regulator, if you wish to be well. It acts like a charm without debilitating the system, and without any of the evil effects of Mercury. Simmons' Liver Regulator is the safe remedy.

Dried and canned fruits at
SCOWDRICK & COCHRAN'S.

A full and beautiful line of prints, dress goods trimmings etc. at Hanson Bros.

Hanson Bros. have just received direct from the manufactures, a line of Misses and childrens Bronzed buttoned gaiters, Ladies, Misses and childrens French kid, Morocco and lasting boots with kid fronts which were manufactured to their special order—every pair warranted, sold very low and on the most reasonable terms, at Hanson Bros.

Good molasses at 25 cts. per gallon at
SCOWDRICK & COCHRAN'S.

The latest style hats for gents, youths, boys and children, just received, at Hanson Bros.

Macaroni, canned goods, lemons, fine teas, spices, Noix de Coco and a full line of fine groceries, at Hanson Bros.

Who that has seen a dangerous disease arrested by any able physician or a good medicine but values both? Be it to your family physician to whom you owe so many escapes from aches and ails, or Dr. Ayer's inimitable remedies:—his Sarsaparilla that renewed your vitality or Cherry Pectoral that cured a painful cough, or his Ague Cure that expelled the freezing ague and burning fever from your blood. Who that has been relieved by any of these agencies but feels gaateful for them all?—*Bangor Times.*

Go to Hanson Bros. and see the new style spring and summer cloths and cassimeres, all prices and styles—suits made to order, at
Hanson Bros.

No. 2 Mackerel at $10 per Barrel at
SCOWDRICK & COCHRAN'S.

Ladies of Middletown and vicinity, are requested to call at SCOWDRICK & COCHRAN'S and see their handsome stock of white goods and trimmings now opening.

NEW GOODS.—J. A. Reynolds & Sons, have received this week another Invoice of New Style Goods adapted to the present season, consisting of Poplins, Serges, Chenes, Mohairs, Real Japanese Silk (in Stripes and Plaids) Alpacas, Piques, Percales, Lawns, Plaid Nainsooks, Hamburg Edgings and Insertings, Imperial and Metternich Embroideries and Frillings, and a large Stock of Prints in new and desirable patterns, at 6¼, 8, 10, and 12½ cts per yard.

CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES.—Call at the New Corner Store and look at the new and fashionable Cloths and Cassimeres for the coming season, suits made to order at prices ranging from $15.00 to $25.00, and a good fit guaranteed.
J. A. Reynolds & Sons.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—This is a personal invitation to the buying public to call at our new store on the corner and inspect our latest style gents, and boys and youths fine calf boots, gaiters and balmorals. Ladies Misses and Childrens fine lasting kid and morocco buttoned and lace gaiters, which are selling very low according to the times.
J. A. Reynolds & Sons.

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS.—Just received from the manufacturers Ingrain, Stair and List carpets, Floor Oil Cloths red check and white matting, window curtains and fixtures, for sale low at
J. A. Reynolds & Sons.

New Round Labrador Herring per bbl. $6.00
No. 2, Shore Mackeral $12.00.
J. A. Reynolds & Sons.

Doty's Washer and Universal Clothes Wringer for Sale by E. T. EVANS.

Genuine Ramsdell Norway Oats, suitable for seed. For Sale at EVANS'

Pure Ground Plaster for sale by
A. T. BRADLEY.

Wanted, 10,000 Bushels of Wheat at highest market price, for act. Wm. Lea & Sons,
E. T. EVANS.

Rambo's White's and Kenneday's Lime,
For sale by A. T. BRADLEY.

Try Poltaxat Flour, the best in this market,
For Sale by A. T. BRADLEY.

Prime Clover and Timothy Seed at
E. T. EVANS'.

Mt. Carmel Locust Mountain Coal, Hickory and Oak Wood, for Sale at Evans' Coal and Wood Yard, Middletown, Del.

Allen & Bell's Sole Drain Tile, constantly on hand and furnished to order at manufacturers prices, by E. T. EVANS.

TO INVESTORS.

A DWELLING IN MIDDLETOWN

NEWLY & substantially built, and in good style, will be sold on terms which will pay, 11 per cent. to purchaser at a rent usual and satisfactory to tenants. Apply to
W. GREER,
apr 29—3t. Middletown, Del.

HILLIARD & McMULKIN,
Commission Dealers in
Country Produce,
DOMESTIC FRUIT, &c. &c.
369 & 370 West Washington Market, N. Y.
PEACH AND BERRY
CONSIGNMENTS RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED.
April 29—1mos.

For the Middletown Transcript.

MR. EDITOR:—I send you a communication on the peach trade of Delaware that seeks a market over Railroads to Philadelphia and New York. The State of Delaware during the war, borrowed for the benefit of the general government a little over twelve hundred thousand dollars, and taxed the passengers on railroads who passed through Delaware 10 cents per passenger, to raise funds to pay the interest on said borrowed money. In the course of time the P. W. & B. R. R. Co. the lessees of Del. R. R. refused to pay said 10 cents on passengers passing through Del. Suit was instituted, and on this branch of the suit the State was non-suited, or declared in the wrong. Howls and curses, in certain parts of this State, were raised against the railroad and the said road heavily taxed out of all proportion, and then the said road taxed the cars carrying peaches out of all proportion, therefore making us peach growers and shippers by railroad pay in the first place as heavy tax as other property not situated along the railroad, then this extra tax levied on us, indirectly through the rail oad. Thus matters went on until the late session of the Legislature, when this indirect taxing us peach growers along the railroad double and treble, became fully understood. The President of the P. W. & B. R. R. in a speech to the members of the legislature, told them if they laid a heavy tax on his company, he would have to lay it on the freighters and business of the railroad; that in the Del. R. R. charter there was a provision that made that railroad free from tax for fifty years. Thus things progressed, the chairman of the committee on finance was asked about how much it would take to pay the interest on the State debt; he said about 90 thousand dollars; he was then asked how much his proposed tax bill would produce, he said about 170 thousand; he was asked what was the use in raising that amount when 90,000 would pay the interest; his reply was that he wanted a sinking fund, which was told him was totally unnecessary, as over 1,200,000 of that debt was contracted on general government account, and that whenever reason and common sense got possession of government affairs at Washington, Delaware would be relieved from that debt, but if we paid a part of the principle we would not get one cent of that back. Therefore 90 thousand dollars is all that need have been provided, and the P. W. & B. R. R. Co. offered to pay $20,000 tax, and not tax peaches or other products, in other words, not add tax to their schedule of freights; and then they would collect the 10 cts. per Del. passenger, which would yield $12,000, and with the $20,000 would make $32,000, or ½ of the whole amount really needed. This compromise proposition passed the House, one Senator absented himself, and that left 8 Senators, 4 of them voted for, and 4 against this compromise, and it therefore was lost, and we fall back on the new tax, which taxes the R. R. about $50,000, or in plainer words as it was intended, the peach growers along the railroad, treble what it does other peach growers along the water. These Legislators did this act *against us, with their eyes open*; we told them that unless they could protect us against the railroad it would be indirectly taxing us; their answer was that they *did not see how they could protect us, but d—n the R. R.* which meant, d—n the peach growers and shippers. This bearing of unjust burdens by us peach growers and shippers of the peaches by the R. R. has been borne until longer forbearance has ceased to be a virtue. Therefore, I call on every peach grower and shipper by railroad to meet at the peach growers' adjourned meeting at Dover, on the 9th of May, and there pass resolutions, requesting the Governor to call an extra session of the Legislature, without delay, and when said Legislature convenes, that it is the wish of the peach growers and shippers on said R. R. that said compromise proposition of $32,000 per year, 20 by the R. R. and 12 on passengers, making $32,000 per year, should be legalized and settled on, and irritation ended. If the Legislature refuses this fair proposition, and still insists on indirectly taxing the peach growers and shippers by railroad out of all fair proportion, that then in that case, said peach growers form themselves into a political combination, to redress our grievances, in any manner best suited to our interests. But before we proceed to these proposed extreme measures (which we are fully warranted in doing) *that we give that said Legislature one more chance to do justice to their constituents alike.* Therefore, at said adjourned meeting of the 9th of May pass a resolution, asking our good meaning and Honorable Governor, to call an extra session of the Legislature without delay. They need not be in session over three days—the expense will be trifling, in proportion to the good they can do by meting out even handed justice to the tax payers, and thereby preventing a new element of irritation in the political campaign of 1872.
SAMUEL TOWNSEND.

Townsend, April 27, 1871.

FARMERS AND HORSEMEN
TAKE NOTICE!!!

Improvement in Horse Shoeing

AT the old well-known stand of Culbertson & Eliason. ELIASON & PETERSON, having purchased the right of Parks' Improved Horse Shoe, are now prepared to relieve all lame horses and those that are not lame from ever becoming so. We increase their speed, prolong their lives, and make them more valuable, by the use of Parks' Improved Horse Shoe. Also, Parks' Farriery for sale, by
ELIASON & PETERSON,
apr 29—2mos

228 EDWARD MOORE, 228

Manufacturer of FINE READY-MADE CLOTHING

FOR MEN AND BOYS.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING

ON HAND, MADE UP IN THE LATEST STYLE AND BEST MANNER.
ALSO, A GREAT VARIETY OF

PIECE GOODS, for Order Work.

Apr 22—1y 228 MARKET ST. Wilmington, Del.

One of Barnum's circus wagons was struck by the 7, A. M. train from Plainfield, N. J. for New York, near Cranford, Thursday morning. Three men were killed and three injured, two of the latter dangerously. Two mules were also killed and a provision wagon was demolished. The disaster was caused by the carelessness of the driver of the circus wagon.

Work on the long-projected tunnel under the Detroit River, which is to afford easy transit from Detroit to Windsor, will commence this summer. There are to be three departments, running parallel with each other, two of which will be about sixteen feet high, and the other, somewhat less, will be built beneath and between the two others. It will take about two years to finish this piece of engineering.

Full accounts are published of the destructive crevasses on the Mississippi river. Fourteen miles of the Jackson Railroad embankment have been swept away, together with the telegraph lines along the track, and the entire country, as far as Lake Pontchartrain, is submerged.

An effort is now making to place the Duc D'Aumale upon the throne of France. The headquarters of his adherents is at Tours, and it is said a portion of the army are in favor of the movement.

Inexhaustible coal deposits of superior quality, and oil wells have been discovered thirty miles from Aspinwall The coal is said to be equal to the best imported.

There was a severe frost at Norfolk, Va. on Sunday night. The fruit crop was damaged.

THE MARKETS.

MIDDLETOWN MARKET.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY A. T. BRADLEY.

Wheat	$1 40@$1 50
Corn, yellow	68
" white	70
Oats	65
Timothy Seed	3 00
Clover "	8 37
Eggs	20 cts. ₱ doz
Butter	30@35 cts. ₱ lb
Lard	15@16 " "
Potatoes	1 00@1 20 ₱ bushel.

WILMINGTON.

Wheat, prime	$1 50
Corn	75@80
Oats	67
Flour	7 00@11 25

PHILADELPHIA.

Prime red wheat	$1 60@1 62
Corn, yellow	74@75
Oats (Pennsylvania)	63
Cloverseed	$8 00
Timothy	9 00

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ DEAFNESS BLINDNESS and CATARRH treated with the utmost success, by J. ISAACS, M. D. and Professor of *Diseases of the Eye and Ear (his speciality) in the Medical College of Philadelphia*, 13 *years experience*, (formerly of Leyden, Holland,) No. 805 Arch street, Phila. Testimonials can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patient, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial eyes inserted without pain. No charge for examination. apr 29—1y.

1871. NEW STOCK 1871.

OF

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

PAY CASH, and buy your goods at the Cash Store, where all goods are sold at cash, and not at 6 or 12 months prices. We have just received and are opening this week our new stock of Spring and Summer Goods, bought for cash and are selling them at a small advance

FOR CASH!!

Or Country Produce. We offer Great Bargains in

Carpets, Mattings, and Oil Cloths,

A large assortment of Mens and Boys'

FINE READY MADE CLOTHING,

Great bargains in Dress Goods, Alpacas, Delaines, Grenadines, Prints, Fine Cambric, Striped and Plaid Muslins. Bargains in

Cloths, Cassimeres & Summer Wear,

Great bargains in Boots and Shoes, Men's Fine Calf Boots and Gaiters, Coarse Plow Shoes, Bal. and Lace Boots, Ladies', Misses', Boys' and Children's Button Laced and Gaiter Boots, Women's Shoes, without heels.

Canned Fruits, Pickels Chow-Chow & Maccaroni,

HATS AND CAPS,

Shirts and Drawers, Window Blinds & Curtains

Labrador Herring and Mackerel, bbls. ½ bbls

☞ All persons in want of goods will please call and examine our stock as we are determined to sell goods low for cash.

☞ Agents for Dr. Rogers' Magnetic Oil and Liver Pills. S. R. STEPHENS & CO.
apr 22—tf Middletown, Del.

E. T. EVANS

AGENT FOR

W. H. WANSER,

"PEACH KING," OF NEW YORK,

WILL BE IN THE MARKET TO BUY ALL

Good Orchards of Peaches

Offered during the ensueing season.
apr 22—4mos.

GEO. W. INGRAM,

AUCTIONEER.

Middletown Delaware.

All orders addressed to him will receive prompt attention.
Nov 26—4mos

NEW GOODS!!!

SPRING AND SUMMER

1871.

GREAT REDUCTIONS,

Goods Cheap and Styles Beautiful!!

AT

HANSON BROS.

TOWN HALL,

MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE.

BLACK SILKS,
JAPANESE SILKS
BLACK SATIN,
FRENCH DRESS GOODS, in colors,
NOTIONS,
Fine ENGLISH HOSIERY
FOR
LADIES, GENTS,
MISSES and CHILDREN,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HATS AND CAPS,
CASSIMERES AND CLOTHS,
WHITE GOODS,
TRIMMINGS,
GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
&c. &c. &c.

INSPECTION CORDIALLY SOLICITED, AND PRICES CHEERFULLY QUOTED.

Terms Reasonable.

HANSON BROS.

April 22—2mos.

Peninsular Machine Works

MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE.

TAKE NOTICE.

PENNINGTON BROS.

HAVE the exclusive right of New Castle and Kent counties, Del. and Kent and Cecil counties, Md. to make and attach the Drop-Delivery to old reapers. We invite the farmer to call and see our

IMPROVED REAPER FOR 1871,

WITH DROP-DELIVERY, which we offer for LESS money and warrant them superior to any other reaper introduced here, for

Simplicity, Strength and Durability,

And equal for Lightness of Draft.
apr 22—tf PENNINGTON BROS.

PLANTS, FRUIT & SHADE TREES

FOR SALE.

THE subscribers have the following varieties of Plants, Fruit and Shade Trees for sale:

2,000 *PEACH TREES,*
500 *PEAR TREES,*
500 *CHERRY TREES,*
3,000 *BLACKBERRY PLANTS,*
5,000 *RASPBERRY PLANTS,*
50,000 *OSAGE ORANGE PLANTS*
250 *MAPLE TREES.*

POLK & HYATT.
Odessa, April 15—2w

HIDES AND TALLOW WANTED!

The highest prices will be paid at
Nov. 20—tf GIBSON'S, Middletown, Del.

A FINE FRESH COW FOR SALE.
M. N. WILLIS,
apr 1—tf Middletown, Del.

CLOVER HAY FOR SALE CHEAP, by
M. N. WILLIS,
apr 1—tf Middletown, Del.

TRUSTEE'S SALE

OF A LARGE AND VALUABLE

PEACH AND GRAIN FARM,

In Cecil County, Maryland, on Very Liberal Terms.

BY virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Cecil county, in chancery, the undersigned, as Trustee, will expose at Public Sale, at the Court House, in Elkton, Maryland, at 1 o'clock, P. M. on

MONDAY, MAY 1st, 1871.

ALL THAT

TRACT OR PARCEL OF LAND,

KNOWN AS "THE GROVE,"

situate, lying and being in Sassafras Neck, in Cecil county aforesaid, partly on the Sassafras River and partly on the Chesapeake Bay, and containing

Thirteen Hundred and Fifty Acres of Land, more or less;

being the same tract or parcel of land which was conveyed to the late John F. Cunningham and others, by deed dated September 14, 1868, and recorded in Liber D. S., No 2, folio 44, &c. one of the land record books of Cecil county aforesaid.

The improvements consist of a large and comfortable TWO-STORY DWELLING HOUSE, a Barn Corn Crib, Peach House, Tool House, &c. &c. Also a smaller TWO-STORY DWELLING HOUSE, and several small houses for farm hands.

Of this land, about One Thousand Acres has been cleared, and most of it is of good natural quality, and has been considerably improved.

This farm is considered as singularly adapted to the growth of Peach Trees, while its location directly on the water, on the line of steamboat travel between Philadelphia and Baltimore, affords a rare opportunity for shipping fruit to either city. There is now on the farm a PEACH ORCHARD OF

ONE HUNDRED & THIRTY ACRES

in bearing, also an Orchard of Sixty Acres, which has not yet come into bearing.

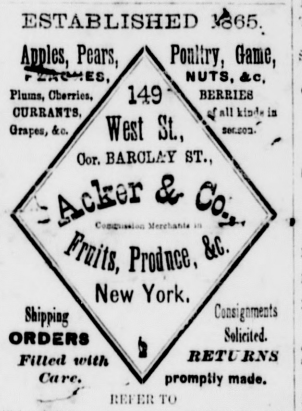
☞ There are also on the farm two valuable FISHERIES.

THE TERMS OF SALE, as prescribed by the decree, are: $5,000 to be paid in Cash on the day of sale, $10,000 to be paid on the first day of September, 1875; and the remainder on the first day of September, 1879. The credit payments to draw interest from the day of sale, payable on September 1st, 1871, and semi-annually thereafter on the first days of March and September, in each year, and to be secured to the satisfaction of the Trustee; but the whole of said credit payments, and all interest thereon to become due and payable whenever default be made in any payment of principal or interest for the space of six months after the time herein above fixed for the payment thereof.

☞ Possession given on confirmation of sale. Cost of Deed, Stamps, &c. to be paid by the purchaser.

JAMES BLACK GROOME, Trustee.
apr 15—ts Elkton, Md.

ESTABLISHED 1865.


Apples, Pears, Peaches,
Plums, Cherries, Currants, Grapes, &c.
Poultry, Game, NUTS, &c, BERRIES of all kinds in season.
149 West St., Cor. BARCLAY ST.,
Acker & Co.,
Commission Merchants in
Fruits, Produce, &c.
New York.
Shipping ORDERS Filled with Care.
Consignments Solicited. RETURNS promptly made.

REFER TO

Fisher & Bro.	Bridgeville, Del.
William Leythen	Camden, Del.
Henry Cowgill,	Willow Grove, Del.
Denoody & Taylor,	Wyoming, Del.

And numerous other parties. Send for circular with important information to fruit growers.
april 15—6mos

REGISTER'S ORDER.

REGISTER'S OFFICE,
New Castle County, April 12th, 1871.

Upon the application of WILLIAM DUDLEY, Administrator of Lydia G. Thomas, late of Appoquinimink Hundred in said County, deceased; it is ordered and directed by the Register that the Administrator aforesaid, give notice of the granting of Letters of Administration upon the Estate of the deceased, with the date of granting thereof, by causing advertisements to be posted within forty days from the date of such Letters, in six of the most public places of the County of New Castle requiring all persons having demands against the Estate, to present the same, or abide by an Act of Assembly in such case made and provided. And also cause the same to be inserted within the same period in the *Middletown Transcript*, a newspaper published in Middletown, and to be continued therein two months.

Given under the hand and Seal of Office of the Register aforesaid, at New Castle, in New Castle County aforesaid, the day and year above written. B. GIBBS, Register.

NOTICE.—All persons having claims against the Estate of the deceased must present the same duly attested to the administrator on or before April 12th, 1872, or abide an Act of Assembly in such case made and provided.

WILLIAM DUDLEY, Administrator,
apr 15—2m Address—Odessa, Del.

FRENCH CALF SKIN BOOTS.

CHARLES H. SUTTON,

HAVING rented the room above John T. Hayes' Tobacco Store,

Middletown, Delaware,

is prepared to make fine stitched boots equal to city work. ☞ Call and see him.
april15—3mos*

FOR RENT.

A Store and Small Dwelling adjoining, on Main Street, Middletown. Inquire of
apr 15—2w A. R. PENNINGTON.

FOR SALE.

5000 *CHESTNUT RAILS,*
1500 " *POSTS,*
1000 LOCUST POSTS, Furnished to order, by
JAS. W. VEAZEY,
Cecilton
Orders will be recived at the Transcript Office,
apr 22—tf Middletown, Del.

AGENTS WANTED to sell a new, novel and useful article

USED BY NEARLY EVERYBODY,

Exceedingly liberal terms will be made with competent and reliable parties to travel and sell.

Address GEO. W. STONE,
No. 11 E. Water St. Wilmington, Del.
apr 22—1m

HO! FOR SPRING!

J. F. ELIASON

HAS just returned from the city with a large and handsome stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

Consisting in part as follows:

LADIES' DRESS POPLINS,
ALPACA SERGES,
PERCALES, CAMBRICS, STRIPES,
PLAIDS, &c. &c.
Spring and Summer Cassimeres,
LINEN DUCKS & DRILLS.
NOTIONS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, &c.
LADIES', MISSES & CHILDREN'S
BOOTS AND GAITERS,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
AND
FURNISHING GOODS,
GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, &c.

And in fact everything usually kept in a first-class country store. All of the above goods have been bought from first hands for net cash, and will be sold at the very lowest prices

FOR CASH!

J. F. ELIASON,
April 8—tf. Middletown, Del.

To Fruit Growers and Truckmen.

FOR SALE.

A Tract of Land containing about

One Hundred Acres.

SITUATED in Indian River Hundred, Sussex County, Delaware, 4½ miles from Harbeson station, on the Junction and Breakwater Railroad, 9 miles from Lewis, from where there is regular steamboat communication with New York. About 50 acres of this tract are cleared and fenced, and in a fair state of cultivation, of the remainder, 25 acres are in oak timber, and 25 acres in pine. The land is well adapted to the growing of peaches, small fruits, and early vegetables. Cranberries could be successfully cultivated, as a small stream of water runs through the tract. There are no buildings on the land.

This property is worthy the attention of persons wishing to engage in fruit culture, and it will be sold at a low price on easy terms.

Persons desirous of viewing the premises, will call on Thompson & Burton, Harbeson Station, and further information as to terms &c. can be obtained from them, or from John M. Hopkins, Taylors Bridge, New Castle County, Delaware.
April 6—6w.

---

18 "SPHAGNINE" 71

The Great Delaware Fertilizer.

MANUFACTURED BY THE
SPHAGNINE MANUFACTURING COMPANY,
At Delaware City, Del. out of
ORGANIC ANIMAL MATTER, GUANO, POTASH, SODA, NEW JERSEY MARL, AND URINE.

ACTIVE AND LASTING!

Equaling all and excelling many of the popular fertilizers, and the price fully 20 per cent. lower per ton. We will desire to give the Sphagnine a long trial.

WHOLESALE DEPOTS:

Messrs. McCOY & RASIN, No. 13 South street, Baltimore.
Messrs. JAS. W. WROTH & CO. Nos. 3 and 4 Delaware Avenue Market, Philadelphia.
Messrs. FERRIE, ENTWISLE & CO. No. 189 Chambers street, New York.

☞ Price $40 per ton of 2,000 lbs.—Liberal discount to dealers ☜ All orders must be addressed to

WILLIAM REYNOLDS,

NEWARK, DEL. Sole Agt for the Co. & General Dealer in Peruvian Guano, Bones, Ashes, Plaster, Lime, &c. J. T. Fisher, traveling agent.

For sale by J. A. REYNOLDS & SONS,
Middletown, Del.
apr 8—2mos.

WATTSON & CLARK'S SUPERPHOSPHATE.

OFFICE BOOTH & GARRETT LABRATORY, &c. Philadelphia, March 24th, 1871.

It is our constant practice to make chemical analysis of the Phosphate manufactured by Messrs. Wattson & Clark, of this city. We analyze materials employed in the manufacture, the materials in the course of manufacture, and the finished product ready for commerce. We know from our analysis that it is the constant endeavor of W. & C. to throw into market a uniform and reliable fertilizer, which shall not be inferior to the best, but rather surpass them. The average analysis of the past year's work shows the contents of their fertilizer to be:

Soluble Phosphoric Acid about 7 per cent. equivalent to soluble bone phosphate 15 per cent.

Total Phosphoric Acid about 15 per cent. equivalent to total bone phosphate 32½ per cent.

Ammonia about 1 per cent. equivalent to sulphate of ammonia 4 per cent.

Soluble phosphoric Acid fluctuates from 6½ to 7½ per cent. the total from 14 to 16 per cent. and the ammonia from 1 to 1.20 per cent.

As we have made numerous analyses of similar fertilers, made by other firms, we can assert that the article made by W. & C. is not surpassed by any others on sale that we have examined, but that it is decidedly superior to the greater part of them, and is, moreover, very uniform in composition. Respectfully yours,

BOOTH & GARRETT.

The above Phosphate for sale by
J. A. REYNOLDS & SONS,
apr 8—2m Middletown, Del.

GIBSON'S PRICE CURRENT.

Eggs	15cts.	Lard	14cts.
Butter	40.	Hogs	8.
Chickens, dressed	12.	Hogs, alive	10.
Ducks "	14.	Potatoes round	100.
Turkeys "	16.	Feathers	65.
Geese "	12.	Honey	20.

The above prices will be paid in cash for produce delivered in good order; and we wish to say that we keep constantly on hand a good assortment of Groceries and Provisions which we will sell reasonably for cash, at the Corner of Broad and Anderson Streets, Middletown, Del.
March 20—tf Wm. Z. GIBSON.

---

6 CENTS REWARD.

RANAWAY from the subscriber, on the 30th of March, an indentured WHITE GIRL, Sarah E. Baker. All persons are forbid harboring her or trusting her on my account.

JAMES T. BROOKS,
april 8—3w Levels, Del.

FOR RENT.

A HOUSE ON LAKE STREET, MIDDLETOWN, FOR RENT—Apply to
apr 8—tf W. Z. GIBSON.

FOR RENT.

A New House on Lake Street, Middletown, containing 6 rooms, for rent. There is also a stable attached, containing three stalls. Apply to
April 2—tf J. B. Penimore.

LARGE SALE

OF

Town Lots!!

In Middletown, Del.

DRAFTS of the proposed addition to Middletown are now ready, and we would like everyone to call and examine them, and if satisfied, to enter their names. One may be seen at the store of John A. Reynolds & Sons, and one at the office at A. T. Bradley, Esq.

We claim that no other lots have been offered in Middletown, or ever will be again, which possess so many advantages as those we now offer. They are all situated within the town limits; they are all of good size; they all lie high and dry; they are all laid off at right angles. Cass street continued, cuts the block almost exactly in half, running nearly due north and south, and just on the back bone as it were of the whole piece. The water on the east of it drains to Broad street with a heavy fall—on the west it drains to the railroad, and when it has reached either of these outlets it flows to the mill pond.

The three new streets running east and west are all forty feet wide.

All the lots have wide alleys in the rear of them, which is a great convenience as well as a great saving of ground. The main alleys are 20 feet wide.

The plat contains nearly twenty-four acres of ground lying immediately south of the business part of the town, properly bounded on the east by Broad street and on the west by the railroad, and is divided into

120 LOTS,

Which makes them average

50 Feet Front by 150 Feet Deep,

Including Alleys.

As I before said such lots never will be offered again, from the fact that there are comparatively no others lying adjacent to the town which are so well situated.

Some may say that it is a money making scheme, gotten up by me to benefit only *myself*. To them I can easily prove that I could realize much more from the sale of the lots by selling them at private sale just as they are wanted, but by selling them as I propose, and by offering them at the low price I do, many may be induced to buy lots and build on them who otherwise would not do so, and thus advance the interest of the town and all in any manner related to it, for it would undoubtedly be better for all persons engaged in business, either in or out of the town, if Middletown contained 5,000 inhabitants instead of 1200, and unless we all put our shoulders to the wheel the car of advancement will stand still; we therefore call upon all, male and female, who feel an interest in the prosperity of the town, to come forward and

SUBSCRIBE FOR A LOT.

To those who want to invest, we can demonstrate that to buy a lot and build upon it

Will Pay From 15 to 20 Per Cent.

The question arises, can they *LOSE* any money by buying one of these lots—we claim they cannot, for *EVERY LOT*

IS WORTH AT LEAST $200.

There are THREE LOTS, fronting on Broad st.

100 by 150 Feet,

which at a low estimate are

Worth $1,000 Each!!

There are

SIX LOTS, 75 ft. Front

on Broad, by 138 ft. deep, and a twelve foot alley in the rear, which are

WORTH $750, EACH,

There are

30 OTHERS, WORTH $500 EACH,

There are

42 OTHERS, WORTH $400 EACH,

and all the others are worth from $200 to $300 each. Put them at $200 each, and we have an aggregate of $44,100. These are not mere *estimated* values but are what the lots are worth *to-day* in the opinion of old and sound business men. We offer you property worth over $44,000 for $24,000. We shall offer the lots until

THE 3rd OF JUNE,

On which day each subscriber will draw for his situation, whether they are all taken or not, the owner reserving the right to draw all that are not taken. There will be no blanks, and there will be no $5 pictures, every subscriber is to have value received for his or her money, and one reason why we claim this to be the best offer of the kind ever made to the public is because there is no possibility of any loss and many opportunities to make. The usual plan is to have only one prize, here there are many, thus making it much more equitable. We will do all we can to explain everything to those who call, and will try to induce them to subscribe as we are anxious to have all the lots taken, if they will not sell we will hold them till they are wanted, as it is a matter of too little profit to us to keep the things open any longer than the time specified. The number opposite each name designates the turn of each subscriber to draw for his situation. Each number will be placed in a sealed envelope and the whole one hundred and twenty thoroughly mixed up by three gentlemen chosen on the day of the drawing by the subscribers for that purpose, then each subscriber will draw an envelope containing a number corresponding to some number on the plat and by that he will know the situation of his lot.

WE WILL POSITIVELY SETTLE THE QUESTION OF SITUATION ON THE

3rd OF JUNE,

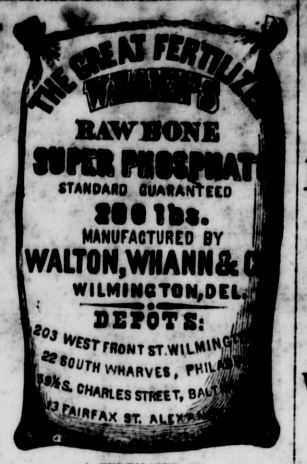
NO UNFORSEEN ACCIDENT OCCURRING TO PREVENT,

OVER ONE-FIFTH OF THE LOTS are ALREADY SOLD AND THERE is NO TIME FOR DELAY.

CONDITIONS.

Owing to the scarcity of money and to suit the times we only ask $20 cash, a negotiable note, bearing interest from date, at six months, for one half the balance, and a similar note at twelve months for the other half, each note to have an approved endorser and the conditions to be complied with previous to the drawing for situations or no sale. Deeds will be given as soon afterwards as they can be prepared and will be at the expense of the purchasers. Messrs. John A. Reynolds and A. T. Bradley will exhibit the drafts and take names at their respective places of business, and Mr. Reynolds is prepared to take the money and papers at any time after to-day and give a proper receipt therefor in my name.

E. R. COCHRAN.
apr 8—ty



A FERTILIZER OF

SURPASSING EXCELLENCE,

WARRANTED PURE.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY
WALTON, WHANN & CO.
Wilmington, Delaware.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

For Sale by **E. T. EVANS,**
Middletown, Del.
March 27—1y

BOWERS'

Complete Manure,

MADE FROM

Super-Phosphate of Lime, Ammonia and Potash.

Warranted free from adulteration, and equal in quality to any sold during the last five years.

Experience in the use of "BOWERS' COMPLETE MANURE," by the best farmers of Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, and the Cotton States, has resulted in proving it to be

THE BEST FERTILIZER

OFFERED FOR SALE.

HENRY BOWER,
MANUFACTURING CHEMIST,
Gray's Ferry Road Philadelphia.
DIXON SHARPLESS & CO.
40 SOUTH DELAWARE AVENUE, PHILADELPHIA, Agents.

And For Sale by all leading dealers.

CARRIAGES.

J. M. COX & BRO.

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

March 27—3m

HIGHEST PRICES

PAID FOR GRAIN.

FARMERS

LOOK TO YOUR INTERESTS!!

THE subscriber having returned from Pennsylvania, and having three more years experience in the milling business, is now prepared to make the finest brans of flour, meal, feed, hominy and grists. Thankful for past favors he asks a liberal patronage from his old customers and all who may want. He guarantees perfect satisfaction in all his work. Particular attention paid to grists. JOHN S. SILCOX,
april 1—tf Noxentown Mills.

THE BEST.

CUSTOM WORK A SPECIALITY.

The finest Boots, Gaiters and Shoes, for Men and Youths, are made by

ERNEST SOPP,

At his Mammoth Emporium,

No. 230 North NINTH Street, PHILADELPHIA.

A large stock of ready-made work open for examination and sale.
apr 16—y

LONGEST ROOF

IN the United States is on Rinck's Sons' Factory, Easton, Pa.—one-third of a mile long,—and is covered with

Ready Roofing

Cheap durable, and easily applied. Send for circular and samples to the manufacturers.
READY ROOFING CO.
June 4—1y No. 64 Courtland st. N. Y.

VICTOR GREEN,

Attorney at Law,

OFFICE ADJOINING HIS RESIDENCE, N. BROAD ST
MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE,
July 2—y

SPECIAL

NOTICE!!

W. M. KENNARD & CO.

HAVE NOW IN STOCK

A FULL LINE OF

CARPETS,

OIL CLOTHS,

MATTS, &c.

WHICH THEY ARE OFFERING

AT

LESS THAN USUAL RATES,

TO

CASH BUYERS!!

ALSO THE LARGEST AND MOST EXTENSIVE STOCK OF

AMERICAN,

FRENCH,

ENGLISH,

AND

GERMAN

DRY GOODS

IN THE STATE,

ALL OF WHICH ARE OFFERED AT THE

LOWEST CASH PRICES.

ONE PRICE!!!

W. M. KENNARD & CO.

306

MARKET STREET,

Wilmington, Delaware.

March 18, 1871—tf.

Select Poetry.

AN SCHOOL DAYS.

BY JOHN G. WHITTIER.

Still sits the school house by the road
A ragged beggar sunning;
Around it still the sumachs grow,
And blackberry vines are running.

Within, the master's desk is seen,
Deep scarred by rude hands official;
The warping floor, the battered seats,
The jackknife's carved initial.

The charcoal frescoes on its walls;
Its door's worn sill betraying
The feet that creeping slow to school,
Went storming out to playing!

Long years ago a winter's sun
Shone over it at setting;
Lit up its western window-panes
And low eaves' icy fretting.

It touched the tangled golden curls,
And brown eyes full of grieving,
Of one who still her steps delayed
When all the school were leaving.

For near her stood the little boy
Her childish favor singled,
His cap pulled low upon a face
Where pride and shame were mingled.

Pushing with restless feet the snow
To right and left he lingered;
As restlessly her tiny hands
The blue-checked apron fingered.

He saw her lift her eyes; he felt
The soft hand's light caressing,
And heard the trembling of her voice
As if a fault confessing:

"I am sorry that I spelt the word:
I hate to go above you,
Because"—the brown eyes lower fell—
"Because, you see, I love you!"

Still memory to a gray-haired man
That sweet child face is showing.
Dear girl! the grasses on her grave
Have forty years been growing!

He lives to learn in life's hard school,
How few who pass above him
Lament their triumph and his loss,
Like her—because they love him.

ADDRESS

To the People of the United States

BY THE

DEMOCRATS OF CONGRESS.

The Democrats in Congress have just issued the following address:

To the People of the United States:

Our pressing and official duties at Washington have enabled us to become fully acquainted with the actions and designs of those who control the Radical party, and we feel called upon to utter a few words of warning against the alarming strides they have made toward centralization of power in the hands of Congress and the Executive. The time and attention of the Radical leaders have been almost wholly directed to devising such legislation as will, in their view, best preserve their ascendency, and no regard for the wise restraints imposed by the Constitution has checked their reckless and desperate career. The President of the United States has been formally announced as a candidate for re-election. The declarations of his selfish supporters have been re-echoed by a subsidized press, and the discipline of party has already made submission to personal schemes the supreme test of political fealty. The partisan legislation to which we refer was decreed and shaped in secret caucus, where the extremest counsels always dominated, and was adopted by a party majority pledged to vote with the intent certainly with the effect to place in the hands of the President power to command his own renomination and to employ the army, navy and militia, at his sole discretion, as a means of subserving his personal ambition. When the sad experience of the last two years, so disappointing to the hopes and generous confidence of the country is considered, in connection with the violent utterances and rash purposes of those who control the President's policy, it is not surprising that the gravest apprehension for the future peace of the nation should be entertained. At a time when labor is depressed, and every material interest is palsied by oppressive taxation, the public ears have been multiplied beyond all precedent to serve as instruments in the perpetuation of power.

Partizanship is the only test applied to the distribution of this vast patronage. Honesty, fitness and moral worth, are openly discarded, in favor of truckling submission and dishonorable compliance. Hence enormous defalcations and wide-spread corruption has followed as the natural consequences of this pernicious system.

By the official report of the Secretary of the Treasury it appears that, after the deduction of all proper credits, many millions of dollars remain due from ex-collectors of the internal revenue, and that no proper diligence has ever been used to collect them. Reforms in the revenue and fiscal systems, which all experience demonstrates to be necessary to a frugal administration of the Government, as well as a measure of relief to an overburdened people, have been persistently postponed or willfully neglected.

Congress now adjourns without having even attempted to reduce taxation or to repeal the glaring impositions by which industry is crushed and impoverished. The Treasury is over flowing, and an excess of eighty millions of revenue is admitted, and yet, instead of some measure of present relief, a barren and delusive resolution is passed by the Senate to consider the tariff and excise systems hereafter, as if the history of broken pledges and pretended remedies furnished any better assurance for future legislation than experience has done in the past. Shipbuilding and the carrying trade, once sources of national pride and prosperity, now languish under a crushing load of taxation, and nearly every other business interest is struggling, without profit, to maintain itself. Our agriculturists, while paying heavy taxes on all they consume, either to the Government or monopolists, find the prices for their own products so reduced that honest labor is denied its just reward, and industry is prostrated by invidious discrimination. Nearly 200,000,000 acres of public lands, which should have been reserved for the benefit of the people, have been voted away to giant corporations, neglecting our soldiers, enriching a handful of greedy speculators and lobbyists, who are thereby enabled to exercise a most dangerous and corrupting influence over State and Federal legislation. If the career of these conspirators be not checked, the downfall of free Government is inevitable, and with it the elevation of a military dictator on the ruins of the Republic.

Under the pretence of passing laws to enforce the Fourteenth Amendment, and for other purposes, Congress has conferred the most despotic power upon the Executive, and provided an official machinery by which the liberties of the people are menaced, and the sacred right of local self-government in the States is ignored, if not totally overthrown. Modelled up to the sedition laws so odious in history, they are at variance with all the established theories of our institutions, and the construction given by these Radical interpreters to the Fourteenth Amendment, is, to use the language of an eminent Senator—Mr. Trumbull, of Illinois—an "annihilation of the States." Under the last enforcement bill, "the Executive may, in his discretion, thrust aside the Government of any State, suspend the writ [illegible] corpus," arrest its Governor, imprison or disperse the Legislature, silence its judges, and [illegible] Nothing is left to the citizen [illegible] which he may longer be called a [illegible] No more sufferance [illegible] the calm [illegible] of the American people. We call upon them to be true to [illegible] and, discarding [illegible] Middle and Southern States. Gross and exaggerated charges of disorder and violence owe their origin to the mischievous minds of potential managers in the Senate and House of Representatives, to which the Executive has, we regret to say, lent his aid, and thus helped to inflame the popular feeling. In all this course of hostile legislation and harsh resentment, no word of conciliation, of kind encouragement, or fraternal friendship, has ever been spoken by the President or by Congress to the people of Southern States. They have been addressed only in the language of proscription.

We earnestly entreat our fellow-citizens in all parts of the Union to spare no effort to maintain peace and order, to carefully protect the rights of every citizen, to preserve kindly relations among all men, and to discountenance and discourage any violation of the rights of any portion of the people secured under the Constitution or any of its amendments.

Let us, in conclusion, earnestly beg of you not to aid the present attempts of Radical partisans to stir up strife in the land, to renew the issues of war, or to obstruct the return of peace and prosperity to the Southern States, because it is thus that they seek to divide the attention of the country from the corruption and extravagance in their administration of public affairs, and the dangerous and profligate attempts they are making towards the creation of a centralized military government.

In the five years of peace following the war the Radical administrations have expended 1,200,000,000 dollars for ordinary purposes alone, being within $200,000,000 of the aggregate amount spent for the same purposes in war, and in peace during the seventy-one years preceding June 30, 1861, not including, in either case, the sum paid upon principal or interest of the public debt.

It is a thing with the intelligence of the people, for the Radical leaders to pretend that this vast sum has been honestly expended. Hundreds of millions of it has been wantonly squandered. The expenditures of the Government, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1861, were only $62,000,000, while, for precisely the same purpose—civil list, army, navy, pensions and Indians—$164,000,000 were expended during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1870.

No indignation could be too stern, and no scorn too severe for the assertions by unscrupulous Radical leaders, that the great Democratic party of the Union has or can have sympathy with disorders or violence in any part of the country, or in the deprivation of any man of his rights under the Constitution. It is to protect and perpetuate the rights which every freemen cherishes, to revive in all hearts the feelings of friendship, affection and harmony, which are the best guarantees of law and order, and to throw around the humblest citizen, wherever he may be, the protecting ægis of those safeguards of personal liberty which the fundamental laws of the land assure, that we invoke the aid of all good men in the work of peace and reconciliation.

We invite their generous co-operation, irrespective of all former differences of opinion, so that the harsh voice of discord may be silenced; that a new and dangerous sectional agitation may be checked; that the burdens of taxation, direct and indirect, may be reduced to the lowest point consistent with good faith to every just national obligation, and with a strictly economical administration of the Government, and that the States may be restored, in their integrity and true relation to our Federal Union.

Senators EUGENE CASSERLY, California,
GARRETT DAVIS, Kentucky,
JOHN W. JOHNSTON, Virginia,
T. F. BAYARD, Delaware,
JOHN P. STOCKTON, New Jersey,
FRANK P. BLAIR, Missouri,
ELI SAULSBURY, Delaware,
A. G. THURMAN, Ohio,
GEO. VICKERS, Maryland,
J. W. STEVENSON, Kentucky,
JAS. K. KELLY, Oregon,
WM. T. HAMILTON, Maryland,
H. G. DAVIS, West Virginia,
HENRY COOPER, Tennessee.

MEMBERS

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J. M. Leach, N. C.	J. H. Tuthill, N. Y.
E. A. Hibbard, N. H.	C. N. Potter, N. Y.
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W. H. Barnum, Conn.	W. P. Price, Ga.
M. D. Manson, Ind.	M. K. Armstrong, Idaho.
W. S. Holdman, Ind.	

MARRIAGE STATISTICS.

The Registration Report of the State of Massachusetts for the yerr 1969 gives some curious marriage statistics, from which impatient youths, and desolate old maids and bachelors may both take heart. During the year 7 maidens were married at the age of 14, and no fewer than 41 at the comparatively mature age of 15. The lads are not so venturesome as the girls the youngest husband having wedded at 16 a wife of the same age. On the other hand, an old maid of 78 found a husband, and four other women were married after they had passed the age of 70. One man of 32 was married, for the sixth time, to a maiden of 30; also, another man, for the sixth time, to a widow of 62, it being her second marriage. The ages of the oldest parties married for the first time were the male and female, 60 each.

The greatest disparity in the first marriage was the male 67 and the female 20. Forty-five males were married during the year who were over 70, and one widower of 80 was united for the second time to a widow of 64, it being also her second marriage. A widower of 30 was married for the second time to a young widow of 20, it being her fourth marriage! But one marriage is reported where both parties were married for the fourth time each, their ages being 73 and 63. There was also one marriage, the male being 73, his fourth marriage, to a widow of 57, her third marriage. One male of 29 was united to a widow of 30, it being his first marriage and her fourth. A widower of 80 was united to a widow of 52, it being her sixth marriage. The sixth marriage of a male is reported at the age of 32 to a spinster of 30. A second marriage of a male of 66 is reported to a female of 52, it being her fifth venture.

RELIABLE FERTILIZERS
AT
REDUCED PRICES.

MAGNUM BONUM SOLUBLE PHOSPHATE,
Composed of Dissolved Bones, Ammonia and Potash.

THE above is a rich and active Fertilizer, and combines all the valuable qualities contained in the strongest and most powerful manures. In this Fertilizer is concentrated all the richness of pure bone, made Soluble by a generous action of Sulphuric Acid, aided by the proper proportions of Ammonia and Potash. The whole combination presenting the following:

ANALYSIS,

Soluble Bone Phosphate	13.70
Soluble in the soil, (additional)	27.94
Ammonia	3.82
Potash	4.24

Send for Circulars with full particulars.

Price in PHILADELPHIA and BALTIMORE $52.60 per ton.

MEAT AND BONE GUANO

For mixing with an equal quantity of dry earth. This is a *cheap and valuable Fertilizer.* Price $40 per ton in Baltimore.

GROUND BONE OF ALL GRADES.

DUGDALE & GIRVIN,
55 South Street,
BALTIMORE, Md.
For sale by J. H. BOARD.
March 11—3m

PACIFIC GUANO CO.
CAPITAL, 1,000,000.
JOHN S. REESE & CO.,
GENERAL AGENTS,
OFFICE:
122 South Delaware Ave.
PHILADELPHIA.

SOLUBLE PACIFC
GUANO
AT
REDUCED PRICES.

NO Fertilizer introduced to the farmers of the Middle and Southern States has given more general and uniform satisfaction than this guano.

The trade in it has steadily increased until the consumption now throughout the entire country far exceeds that of any other fertilizer.

The large capital involved in its production affords the surest guarantee to its continued excellence. The company has a far greater interest in the permanence of its trade than any number of consumers can have; hence it is the highest interest of the company to put their best fertilizers in the market, that their usual facilities, aided by the best scientific ability, can produce.

This guano is sold at retail by local agents of the company throughout New Jersey, Delaware, Pennsylvania and the Souther States, and at wholesale by

JOHN S. REESE & CO.,
General Agents for the Company.

Liberal Discount to Dealers.
March 11—3m.

REGISTER'S ORDER.

REGISTER'S OFFICE,
NEW CASTLE COUNTY, Feb. 25th, 1871.

Upon the application of Eliza L. Whitby, Executrix of John Whitby, late of St. Georges Hundred in said County, deceased: it is Ordered and directed by the Register that the Executrix aforesaid, give notice of the granting of Letters Testamentary upon the Estate of the deceased, with the date of granting thereof by causing advertisements to be posted within forty days from the date of such Letters, in six of the most public places of the County of New Castle, requiring all persons having demands against the Estate, to present the same, or abide by an Act of Assembly in such case made and provided. And also cause the same to be inserted within the same period in the Middletown Transcript, a newspaper published in Middletown, and to be continued therein two months.

LS. Given under the hand and Seal of Office of the Register aforesaid, at New Castle, in New Castle County aforesaid, the day and year above written.

E. GIBBS,
REGISTER.

NOTICE.—All persons having claims against the Estate of the deceased must present the same duly attested to the Executrix on or before February 25th, 1872 or abide the Act of Assembly in such case made and provided.

ELIZA L. WHITBY,
Executrix,
Address, Odessa, Del.
March 11—2m.

E. B. RICE.
WITH
FERREE, ENTWISLE & CO.
Produce Commission Merchants,
Berries, Peaches, Apples, Poultry, &c.
STAND NO. 4, OPPOSITE 152 WEST STREET,
NEW YORK.
T. E. FERREE, ED. ENTWISLE, N. VALENTINE.

REFERENCES BY PERMISSION:
H. N. Willits, Esq. Middletown, Del.
B. F. Hanson, Esq. " "
Hon Alex. Hardcastle, Goldsboro, Md.
W. P. Lindell, Esq. Wyoming, Del.
A. B. Hays, Esq. Cashier N. River Bank, N. Y.
John Warfield, Esq. Baltimore, Md.
S. S. Wyckoff & Co. New York.
Will remove to No. 180 Chamber Street, May 1st, 1871.
Feb 11—tf

M. E. DICKSON,
No. 35½ SOUTH EIGHTH STREET,
PHILADELPHIA,
DEALER IN
WATCHES AND JEWELRY,
SOLID STERLING
Silver and Plated Ware,
Suitable for Holiday Presents.
N. B.—Fine selection of 18 Kt. Wedding Rings on Hand.
Gold, Silver and Steel Spectacles to suit all ages.
Dec. 10—tf

ARCH STREET HOUSE.
No. 1, Arch St.
Philadelphia,
C. W. LOCKE,
Proprietor.
March 4—tf

H. R. & CO.
HAVING evidence that the "PERSIGATER" is a cheap and valuable Manure and substitute for Wood Ashes, we have accepted the Agency for this locality. It seems to be an excellent Manure for Peach trees and corn—costing from $3, to $6, per acre. For sale at factory prices, freight added.
by E. T. STARR,
March 4—tf Middletown, Del.

DELAWARE
GRAIN AND PHOSPHATE DRILL.

THE undersigned having perfected his improved "DELAWARE DRILL," would inform the Farmers that he is now prepared to furnish them with the best combined Grain and Phosphate Drill ever introduced into this country.

It is very simple in construction; very substantially made up, has the patented porcelain wheel; is easily regulated, and guaranteed to sow *any and every kind of merchantable Guano and Phosphate* with the greatest uniformity and accuracy.

It has been used and endorsed by over 150 of our best farmers in this and the adjoining State of Maryland during the last two years (1868 and 1869) and, as will be shown by their written certificates now in my possession, has given entire satisfaction.

Farmers wishing these drills will please address
W. N. HAMILTON, M. D.
Odessa, Del.
Or WM. T. SHAW & CO. Manufacturer.
Wilmington, Delaware.

TERMS:
Delaware Grain and Phosphate Drill,
$125 CASH.

N. B.—I am also prepared, at at my shop in Odessa, to attach my Delaware Phosphate Sower with all its improvements and in the most substantial manner, to the Haines & Wood's or any common grain drill now in use, and guarantee to give entire satisfaction.

Farmers wishing the Attachment will please forward their orders as soon as possible as only a limited number will be furnished this season.

TERMS—Delaware Phosphate Sower attached old drill, $45, Cash; or an approved note at 30 days. W. N. HAMILTON, M. D.
July 16—tf Odessa, Del.

MIDDLETOWN STOVE HOUSE.
JOHN B. ROBERTS,

TAKES pleasure in announcing to his friends of Middletown and surrounding country, that he has taken the Tin and Stove Store of the late S. W. Roberts, and offers to the public the largest and best selected stock of Stoves, both Cooking and Heating, ever offered in Middletown, and at prices that cannot fail to please. Among the assortment are the following

COOK STOVES.

NIAGARA, PARLOR COOK, MONITOR
CORAL COOK, WM. PENN, LEHIGH,
and others made in the city.

PARLOR STOVES.

BRILLIANT, DEW DROP,
GAS BURNING BASE, UNION AIR TIGHT
PARLOR LIGHT, OUR PARLOR.

Also, SEXTON'S PARLOR HEATERS.

Stoves of all kinds suitable for Stores, Offices, Bar-rooms, and School houses.

Also, the Morning Glory and the Oriental, both unsurpassed in beauty and efficiency. They can be seen in operation at the store of the proprietor.

All sizes of Bar-room Stoves and Tea-plate Stoves repaired at short notice.

Old Stoves taken in exchange.

TIN WARE at wholesale and retail.

Being a practical workman, himself, he thinks he can give satisfaction to all who favor him with their work. Particular attention paid to Roofing and Spouting.

AT HIS BRANCH STORE, ST. GEORGES,
He has a large stock of Stoves and Tin Ware on hand, and is prepared to fill all orders for

STOVES, TIN WARE, ROOFING, SPOUTING, &C. &C

at the shortest notice and on the best terms.

ORDERS SOLICITED.

JOHN B. ROBERTS.
aug 12, 1870—y

H. McCoy. WM. A. RASIN.
McCOY & RASIN,
General Commission Merchants,
No. 73 SOUTH STREET,
Opposite Corn Exchange,
BALTIMORE.
July 2—y

C. MAISEL,
TAILOR, (From Paris),
1321 Chestnut Street,
PHILADELPHIA.
may 21—1y

J. HERMANN'S
Monumental Marble Works,
Corner Delaware and Union Streets,
NEW CASTLE, DEL.
Monuments, Marble and Enameled Slate Mantels,
Furnished at short notice, & on reasonable terms.

REFERENCES.
M. M. CLEAVER, PHILIP R. CLARK, ANDREW ERIASON.
Sept. 4—tf

NEW BAKERY,
IN MIDDLETOWN, DEL.
North East Corner of Lake and Broad Streets.

THE undersigned wishes to inform his friends and the public at large, that he has commenced the Baking Business in all its departments, and will keep constantly on hand,

Bread, Cakes, Crackers, Pies, Candy,

And will supply Weddings, and Parties, with all sorts of Cakes at short notice.

He has engaged a first class Baker to attend to the business.

He will also continue the Painting Business in all its Branches. FRANCIS TARONI.
March 6, 1869—tf

FOR SALE.

THE HOUSE AND LOT, now occupied by the undersigned, situated on Lake street, Middletown, adjoining the property of Zachariah Jones. The House is a two-story frame, 22 feet front, running back 18 feet, with a back building 16 by 20 feet, and a good kitchen in the rear, eight rooms in all. The Lot is 100 feet front, by 125 feet deep, stocked with choice fruit and garden shrubbery. A well of good water in the yard. For further particulars apply to
June 25—tf NATHAN SIMMONS.

THOMAS S. DUNNING, A. M. M. D.
Homœopathic Physician,
Has removed to old Transcript Office on Main Street, Middletown, Del.
Office hours, 7 to 9 A. M.
" " 1 to 3 P. M.
dec 9—tf " " 6 to 7 P. M.

HOW TO GET RICH.
A Sure Guide to Honest Wealth.

NO one in business or out but can, by a strict attention to rules laid out in this Book, become wealthy in a short time.

Agents will find this the best selling book in the market. Single copies sent postpaid on receipt of 50 cents. Address
CHARLES M. JONES,
Sept 24—1y Wilmington, Del.

SIMMONS' LIVER

THE SYMPTOMS of Liver Complaint are uneasiness and pain in the side. Sometimes the pain is in the shoulder, and is mistaken for rheumatism. The stomach is affected with loss of appetite and sickness, bowels in general costive, sometimes alternating with lax. The head is troubled with pain, and dull, heavy sensation, considerable loss of memory, accompanied with painful sensations of having left undone something which ought to have been done. Often complaining of weakness, debility and low spirits. Sometimes many of the above symptoms attend the disease, and at other times very few of them; but the liver is generally the organ most involved. Cure the liver with

DR. SIMMONS'
LIVER REGULATOR,

A PREPARATION OF ROOTS AND HERBS, warranted to be strictly vegetable, and can do no injury to any one.

It has been used by hundreds, and known for the last thirty-five years as one of the most reliable, efficacious and harmless preparations ever offered to the suffering. If taken regularly and persistently, it is sure to cure Dyspepsia, headache, jaundice, costiveness, sick headache, chronic diarrhœa, affections of the bladder, camp dysentery, affections of the kidneys, fever

REGULATOR.

nervousness, chills, diseases of the skin, impurity of the blood, melancholy, or depression of spirits, heartburn, colic, or pains in the bowels, pain in the head, fever and ague, dropsy, boils, pain in back and limbs, asthma, erysipelas, female affections, and bilious diseases generally.

Prepared only by J. H. ZEILIN & CO.,
Druggists, Macon, Ga.
Send for a Circular. Price $1; by mail $1.25
For sale by CHARLES TATMAN, Jr.
Dec. 24—1y. Middletown, Del.

GEO. W. INGRAM & CO.
Brokers & Real Estate Agents,
BROAD STREET ABOVE MAIN,
Middletown, Delaware,
ATTEND PROMPTLY TO THE COLLECTION OF
NOTES, DRAFTS, BILLS, &c. &c.
NEGOTIATE LOANS, PURCHASE & SELL STOCKS ON COMMISSION,
And offer for sale
Valuable Real Estate,
Comprising some of the most desirable Farms on the Peninsula.
Correspondence by mail solicited.

Refer by permission to the following named gentlemen:
Hon R. C. Holliday, Sec. of State, Annapolis, Md.
W. R. Bergholz, Memphis & El Paso Pacific Railroad, N. Y.
R. Atkinson, Banker, 41 Broad st, N. Y.
Hon. Richard Schell, 50 Wall " "
Col. Blanton Duncan, Louisville, Ky.
Geo. Beir, Adj. General, Baltimore, Md.
Geo. W. Karsner, McDonough.
J. W. Vandegrift, "
Seyfert, McManus & Co. Philadelphia.
Gen. Robert Patterson, "
B. F. Chatham, Phila. Nat. Bank.
march 17—tf

500,000
OSAGE ORANGE PLANTS
ONE AND TWO YEARS OLD,
FOR SALE,
For Hedging
VERY LARGE AND FINE.
ALSO, 200,000
SMALL FRUIT PLANTS & VINES,
OF THE BEST VARIETIES OF
STRAWBERRY,
RASPBERRY,
BLACKBERRY,
CURRANT,
GOOSEBERRY,
AND GRAPE.
CONOVER'S COLOSSAL AND GIANT
ASPARAGUS ROOTS.
EARLY ROSE and other SEED POTATOES.
For information and prices, apply to
HENRY CLAYTON,
WOOSIDE SMALL FRUIT NURSERY
MT. PLEASANT, DEL.
oct. 22—6m

DELAWARE MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF WILMINGTON, DELAWARE.
John P. McLear, Pres. M. M. Child, Sec
BRANCH OFFICE:
N. W. cor. Ninth & Chestnut Streets,
PHILADELPHIA.
GEO. W. STONE, Vice President, Manager.
GEO. F. TURNER, Gen'l Agent & Attorney.
Purely Mutual--Low Rates.
ALL Policies Nonforfeiting after One Annual Payment. Every accommodation consistent with safety guaranteed to Policy Holders.
Books containing full information concerning the plans and rules of the Company sent free upon application to the Branch Office.
Agents Wanted throughout the States of Pennsylvania and New Jersey.
REFERENCES (by permission)—Hon. E. W. Gilpin, Chief Justice State of Delaware; Hon. Thos. F. Bayard, U. S. Senator from Delaware; Rt. Rev. Alfred Lee, Bishop of Delaware; Gen. Henry du Pont, Powder Manufacturer; Hon. Giove Saulsbury, Gov. State of Del; the Presidents of all the Banks in the city of Wilmington; Hon. J. J. Valentine, Mayor of Wilmington.
June 4—1y.

CIGAR AND TOBACCO STORE!!
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
THE undersigned takes this method to inform his friends and the the public in general, that he has now on hand a superior stock of
CIGARS AND TOBACCO,
Which he offers at very reasonable rates, and which cannot fail to please.
Among the Tobaccos are the following:

Best Black Navy Tobacco	80 Cents.
Best Monitor Navy Tobacco	90 "
Best Black Cavendish Tobacco	90 "
Best Plain Light Tobacco	$1.00
Best Rough and Ready Tobacco	$1.15

GIVE HIM A CALL.
JOHN T. HAYES,
1 Door East of National Hotel, Middletown, Del.
apr 23—tf

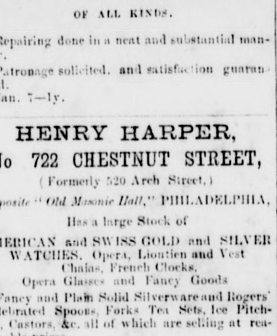
TO THE PUBLIC.
THE subscriber would call the attention of the public to his
Large and Well-Selected Stock of
GOODS,
Consisting in part of
DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS, GROCERIES, BOOTS,
Shoes, Hats, Hardware,
Queensware, Wood and Willow Ware, Earthen and Stone Ware.
FISH, MEATS, &c.
And everything usually kept in a
FIRST CLASS COUNTRY STORE,
All of which have been selected with care, and will be
SOLD AT PRICES
IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TIMES.
Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere
NO CHARGE
FOR SHOWING GOODS.
Charles Tatman Jr.
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.
apr. 9—tf

FRANCIS DUGGAN,
St. Georges, Del.
MANUFACTURER OF

CARRIAGES
OF ALL KINDS.
Repairing done in a neat and substantial manner.
Patronage solicited, and satisfaction guaranteed.
Jan. 7—1y.

HENRY HARPER,
No 722 CHESTNUT STREET,
(Formerly 520 Arch Street,)
Opposite "Old Masonic Hall," PHILADELPHIA,
Has a large Stock of
AMERICAN and SWISS GOLD and SILVER WATCHES, Opera, Lionties and Vest Chains, French Clocks,
Opera Glasses and Fancy Goods
Fancy and Plain Solid Silverware and Rogers' Celebrated Spoons, Forks Tea Sets, Ice Pitchers, Castors, &c. all of which are selling at reasonable prices.
March 11—1y

LUMBER & HARDWARE.
J. B. FENIMORE & CO.
OPPOSITE THE DEPOT,
MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE,
DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF
Lumber and Hardware,
BRICKS, LIME, HAIR, SASH, DOORS, BLINDS
MOULDINGS, PAINTS, OILS,
GLASS, ETC. ETC.
Constantly on hand all kinds of
Building Material.
January 15—tf



MADE TO ORDER AND WARRANTED A TRUE FIT. PERFECT FITTING, COMFORT, EASE AND ELEGANCE.

Send for self-measurement circular.
J. P. DOUGHTEN,
may 28-tf 410 Market st. Wilmington, Del.

MANSION HOUSE HOTEL,
North West Corner Fayette & St. Paul Sts.
OPPOSITE BARNUM'S CITY HOTEL,
BALTIMORE.
Isaac Alberston ..... Proprietor.
This is one of the most pleasant and central locations in the city.
January 4, 1868—1y

PEACH GROWERS ATTENTION!
FOR SALE.
10,000 BUSHELS WOOD ASHES once bleached. On boat or cars in Baltimore. The cheapest Fertilizer in the market, costing only about $7.00 per ton of 2000 lbs. Apply at once (as they are rapidly selling) to
WM. REYNOLDS,
Newark, Del.
P. S.—I have secured the ash production of two Soap Factories in Baltimore, and will have Ashes for sale Spring and Fall. W. R.
Feb. 4—tf.

FOR RENT.
THE WHEELWRIGHT and BLACKSMITH SHOPS on Anderson Street, in Middletown, formerly occupied by Vanderbreak & Leauby.
Apply to
March 4—tf WM. R. COCHRAN.

Delaware Rail Road Line

Summer Arrangement.

ON and after Monday, April fourth, 1870, Passenger Trains will run as follows, until further notice. All trains Sundays excepted.

NORTH.			SOUTH.		
LEAVE		A. M.	LEAVE.	A. M.	P. M
Delmar		11 00	*Philadelphia*	8 20	5 00
Laurel		11 15	*Baltimore*	7 25	2 45
Seaford		11 35	*Wilmington*	10 10	6 28
Bridgeville		11 50	New Castle	10 30	6 45
		P. M.	State Road	10 35	6 50
Greenwood		12 05	Bear,	10 45	7 00
Farmington	A. M.	12 15	St Georges	11 00	7 10
Harrington	7 00	12 30	Mt. Pleasant	11 10	7 25
Felton	7 15	12 50	*Middletown*	11 25	7 45
Canterbury	7 20	1 05	Townsend	11 35	7 50
Willow Grove	7 25	1 10	Blackbird	11 40	8 00
Wyoming (Cam.)	7 35	1 15	Sassafras	11 50	8 10
Dover	7 50		P. M.		
Moorton	8 05	1 40	Clayton	12 00	8 20
Brenford	8 10	1 45	ARRIVE	P. M.	
Smyrna	8 25	2 00	Smyrna	12 10	8 30
Clayton	8 30	2 15	LEAVE.		
Sassafras Road	8 25	2 00	Brenford	12 05	8 25
Blackbird	8 35	2 15	Moorton	12 15	8 20
Townsend	8 40	2 20	*Dover*	12 30	8 55
Middletown	9 00	2 35	Wyoming (Cam.)	12 40	9 05
Mt. Pleasant	9 10	2 45	Willow Grove	12 45	9 10
St. Georges	9 25	3 00	Canterbury	12 55	9 15
Bear	9 35	3 15	Felton	1 05	9 25
State Road	9 45	3 20	Harrington	1 25	9 40
N. Castle	9 55	3 33	Farmington	1 35	
ARRIVE			Greenwood	1 50	
Wilmington	10 15	3 55	Bridgeville	2 00	
Philada.	11 45	5 25	*Seaford*	2 20	
	P. M.		Laurel	2 40	
Baltimore	1 05	8 10	Delmar	2 55	

FREIGHT TRAIN, with Passenger Car attached, will leave Stations named at the following changed hours, (subject to delays incident to freight business) viz: Going South, leave Wilmington about 4 00 A. M. New Castle, 4 45; Middletown, 6 30; Clayton, 7 30; Dover, 8 50; Camden, 9 15; Felton, 10 10, and be due at Harrington 10 30 A. M. Going North, to leave Harrington about 3 00 P. M. Felton, 3 50; Camden, 4 55; Dover, 5 35; Morton, 6; Clayton, 6 50; Middletown, 8 25; New Castle, 10 00; and be due at Wilmington 10 30 P. M.

This train will stop to take up passengers only at Stations named, but will set down passengers at any regular stopping place between Harrington and Wilmington, except Hare's Corner, State Road, Del. Junction and Dupont.

NEW CASTLE TRAINS.—Leave New Castle for Wilmington and Philadelphia at 7 40 A. M. Leave Philadelphia at 12 00 M. and Wilmington 1 40 P. M. for New Castle.

SMYRNA BRANCH TRAINS.—Additional to those above will leave Smyrna for Clayton 11 40 A. M. and 8 00 P. M. Leave Clayton for Smyrna 8 40 A. M. and 2 P. M. to make connection with trains to and from Dover, and Stations south.

H. F. KENNEY,
Jan. 8—y Superintendent Del. R. R.

Kent County Rail Road.

THE Kent County Rail Road being completed to Kennedyville, trains will run daily, (Sundays excepted,) for freight and passengers, between Kennedyville and Townsend, where close connection will be made with trains of the Delaware R. R. commencing on

MONDAY, OCTOBER 24th, 1870,

And will run as follows until further notice:

GOING EAST.			GOING WEST.		
LEAVE	A.M.	P.M.	LEAVE	A.M.	P.M.
Kennedyville	7 20		Townsend	11 40	8 00
Black's	7 35		Vandyke's	11 55	8 15
Lambson's	7 50			P.M.	
Massey's	8 05	1 25	Morris'	12 50	8 25
Morris'	8 15	1 40	Massey's	12 20	8 35
Vandyke's	8 22	1 55	Lambson's	12 50	
ARRIVE			Black's	12 40	
Townsend	8 37	2 10	ARRIVE		
			Kennedyville	12 50	

Passengers from Kennedyville, and all stations on the Kent County Rail Road, will reach Wilmington at 10.15, A. M. Philadelphia at 11.45, A. M. and Baltimore at 1.05, P. M.

Passengers for the Kent County Railroad, will leave Baltimore (President Street Depot) at 7.25, A. M. Philadelphia (Depot corner Broad st. and Washington Avenue) at 8.30, A. M. and Wilmington at 10.10, A. M.

A Stage will run between Chestertown and Kennedyville, making close connections with trains East and West. It will leave Chestertown at 5.30, A. M. and returning, leave Kennedyville on arrival of train, and reach Chestertown about 2.30, P. M.

J. B. WINGATE